

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MARCH 28, 1918

VOL. XXXI, NO.

\$1.50 PER YEAR.

MILK PRICES FOR NEXT 4 MONTHS

No. March Allowance; Producers to Get More for Milk in April

AVERAGE PRICE IS \$2.35

Prices to be paid milk producers in the Chicago district for March, April, May and June were established by an amicable agreement reached at a conference in the food administration offices in Chicago Thursday night.

These are the prices for 100 pounds of milk containing 3.5 per cent of butter fat: March, \$2.90; April, \$2.65; May, \$2.50; June, \$2.35.

The average for the four months is \$2.35; approximately the same as the average of the prices for the same period recommended by the milk commission. The figures, however, were reached by slightly different methods than those used by the commission.

The new prices eliminate the March advance of 21 cents that the producers asked in order to recoup themselves for losses in December and February. It waived that when they were given a rate of \$2.65 for April, which is an advance above the price proposed by the commission. The new prices allow for an increase in feed cost.

Ag with the settlement was an agreement that created additional satisfaction. This was an understanding that the prices for July, August and September—the "lean months" in the milk business—will be taken up at another conference to be held between June 10 and June 15.

Thrift condensers were not represented at the end but all present invited a belief that they will pay the price agreed on. So convinced that the price had been established was Wm. Lamb, attorney for the milk division of the national food administration, who came from Washington, that he will return soon.

The price was represented by C. H. Potted, W. A. Little, C. J. Cooper, E. D. Lewis, Arnold, W. A. Goodwin and Frank T. H. The representatives of the distributors were H. A. Cronk, J. J. Fitzpatrick and H. M. Roser of the Borden Farm Products company, F. H. Kullman and M. J. Metzger of the Bowman Dairy company, Charles Wellend, S. S. Chapell, Ira J. Mix, J. J. Dowd, T. J. Reill and James T. Younger.

Col. Vidvard Dies at Home of His Daughter

Col. John P. Vidvard 66, died at the home of his daughter in Evanston. He was born in Utica, N. Y. He was formerly connected with Grommes & Ulrich of Chicago. About 15 years ago he retired from business and had since made his home at Grass Lake, where he did much to promote interest in the famous lotus beds. The widow and three daughters survive. Among the daughters is Mrs. Arthur Gardener, formerly of Kenosha.

Col. Vidvard is the one who has promoted many clam bakes at his fine home at Grass Lake and was the one who discovered famous Indian mounds on the shore of the lake which are said to have hidden many Indian relics.

VILLAGE ELECTION

Notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday the sixteenth day of April next, at the Village Hall in the Village of Antioch, in the County of Lake and State of Illinois, an election will be held for the following Village officers, viz:

Three Village Trustees.
One Village Clerk.
One Village Treasurer.
One Police Magistrate.
Which election will be opened at 7 o'clock in the morning, and will continue open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Given under my hand at Antioch, Illinois, the twenty-sixth day of March A. D. 1918.

Harry A. Isaacs,
Village Clerk.

Seaweed Fertilizer.
Seaweed as a fertilizer has been found to be very beneficial to potato beds when applied previously to planting the seeds.

Jumps From Waukegan Ravine Bridge With Suicide Intent

Miss Edith Van Blaricon, a waitress, who blames her troubles on an unfortunate love affair Sunday night took a plunge of nearly 100 feet from the Geneva street bridge, Waukegan, in a vain attempt to end her life.

The girl will recover, it was announced at the hospital Monday. As a result of her leap she fractured two ribs, injured her left lung and sustained a slight concussion of the brain. She revived sufficiently Monday morning to make a brief statement. Only the fact that she alighted on a sand bank on the edge of the creek saved her life.

Miss Van Blaricon attended a theater Saturday evening with Fred Gordon, Cincinnati Hospital Corps, Great Lakes and when he left her at the hotel he gave her his address. Sunday she visited him at the station and on leaving, said:

"I am going away tomorrow."

"Are you leaving Waukegan?" he asked.

"Yes—I am leaving Waukegan," she said finally.

"I hope you will write to me."

"I will if I am alive."

He saw she made this remark earnestly, so he tried to joke her out of the suicidal mood, but when she left she still was despondent.

Returning to Waukegan, the girl, who is only 23, went to the Cameron hotel, where she roomed, and on being asked, said she would not want her room last night. She asked for stationery. Obtaining it she wrote seven or eight notes, never showing her full face for a moment; ran down the stairs probably posted the notes and walked along the east side of the bridge.

At the highest point above the ravine she paused, then climbed upon the rail. Some jockies, soldiers and girls were passing. Miss Van Blaricon sat on the store railing until they were gone. Then she slipped over the bridge and into the depths. A soldier and jockey witnessed the deed from some distance. They gave the alarm. A huge crowd quickly collected.

Fred Thompson and William Coon had picked their way down to the body found a note pinned on the mud splattered white waist. It read:

Send my body to my father, Charles Van Blaricon of Marion, Ind. It was signed "Edith Van Blaricon."

Another note read substantially as follows: "I killed myself because it was not worth living. I am penniless and jobless. Nobody loved me and I was lonesome. You treated me all right (this refers to Gordon) but there is another man I hated. He was a married man and his name is H. E. Albright and he lives at the Arlington hotel in Waukegan. I am saying goodbye. From your little girl, Edith." Albright failed to make a statement he promised.

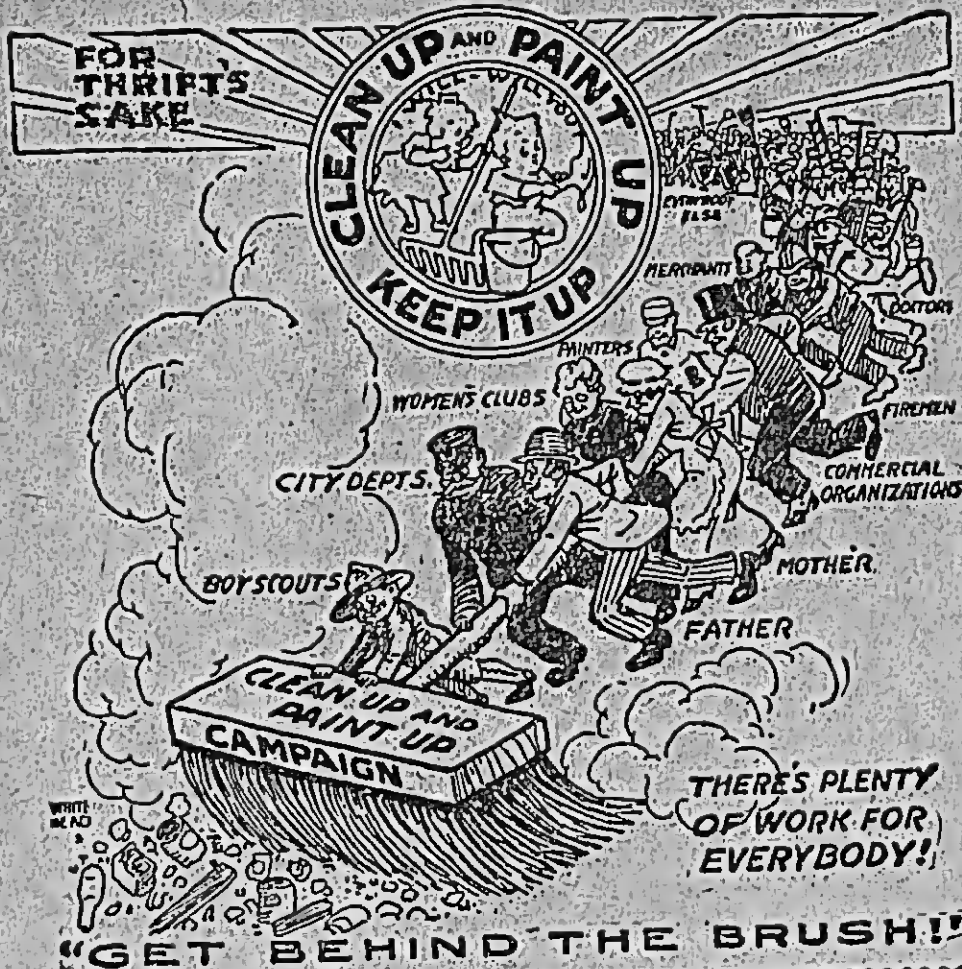
Fred Gordon, the jockey she named, appeared at the police station and told his story. He explained he had met her in a restaurant where she was working and that their friendship was wholly innocent. He met her only a week ago and they had gone to the theater several times.

Housewives Ask Each Other for Exchange of Recipes

New that we, one and all alike must purchase an equal amount of substitute with every pound of white flour, the housewife is often at her wit's end to know just what to make of the material. This matter we have been requested to publish an exchange of recipes and we have agreed to do so beginning this week. If you have a recipe by the use of which you can make bread, cake, cookies, muffins, jems, pancakes, etc., with flour substitutes why not pass it along to some one else? This week we have handed in the following:

White Oatmeal Bread.
Put in mixing bowl 1 1/2 cups oatmeal, 1 cup sugar, 1 teaspoon each of salt and lard, over this pour 2 cups of boiling water and let stand till cool. Then add 1 yeast cake, soaked in 1 cup water and 2 cups white flour. Let rise over night. In the morning kneed up with 3 cups of white flour and let rise again. When light make into loaves and when light bake 45 minutes. This makes 2 large loaves.

Brown Oatmeal Bread.
Put in mixing bowl 1 cup oatmeal, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon butter, 2 tablespoons molasses. Pour over this 1 1/2 cups boiling water, let stand until lukewarm. Soak 1 yeast cake in 1 cup lukewarm water. Add this to above, with 1 cup graham flour. Set away to rise over night. In morning add enough white flour to kneed. Let rise again, then make into one loaf. Bake about 45 minutes.



Proclamation for Thrift's Sake Clean Up and Paint Up and Keep it Up!

"Keep the Home Fires Burning"

Let's Get to Work—Right Here at Home

TO THE PUBLIC:

THE MEN AND WOMEN AND BOYS AND GIRLS.

In these days of patriotic service we should "Keep the Home Fires Burning"—the fires of community life and spirit and efficiency, and all the activities that promote cheerful and pleasant and healthful surroundings in American homes and communities. Cleanliness, Thrift and Civic Pride are the essentials for homes and towns beautiful, and safe from the ravages of disease and fire and storm and sun.

HELP CONSERVATION AND PRODUCTION.

It is our patriotic duty to promote conservation and production in every possible way—to conserve civic ideals as well as health and property; and to increase commercial and industrial, as well as food production, that all may be enabled as well as urged, to "save for our country's needs."

This cause is too big for any mere "week." The need is too immediate for any delay. The work comprises too many phases of community effort for any single group or interest to assume its conduct.

An immediate and continuous and thorough campaign that represents and enlists every interest and organization, every man, woman and child in the community, in a crusade of Cleanliness, Thrift and Civic Pride and their practical application in every way, is needed.

THIS YEAR "FOR THRIFT'S SAKE"

CLEAN UP AND PAINT UP.

Such a crusade is annually conducted in 7,000 cities and towns enlisted in the nation-wide Clean-Up and Paint-Up Campaign, that reduced Cincinnati's fire insurance cost over \$160,000 in one year, that planted nearly a million "Thrift Gardens" in the nation last year, and that, by a score of other practical and popular activities, has made thousands of communities and hundreds of thousands of homes "better places in which to live."

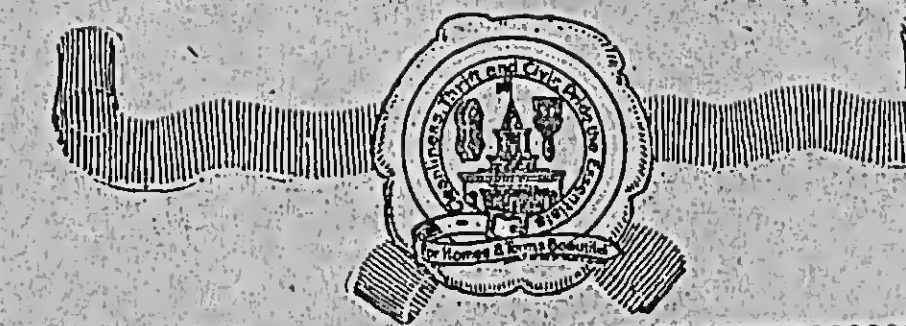
The co-operation of the whole community is necessary, from this moment and throughout the campaign; and we especially urge the utmost effort in giving the campaign a good start by making the Opening Week a complete success, a big community event. This will be

OPENING WEEK.

Help to make our community recognized as in the forefront among happy, healthy, thrifty, prosperous, and beautiful American communities.

Respectfully submitted,

THE COMMITTEE.



Ptomaine Poisoning Fatal to Mrs. Jennie Hull of Waukegan

Mrs. Jennie Hull, wife of R. J. Hull, died rather suddenly Sunday night at her home on 503 North Utica street, Waukegan. She was 68 years old and her death was due to heart trouble following a serious attack of ptomaine poisoning.

Mrs. Hull became ill Friday night from food she ate on Wednesday. She recovered from this attack, but on Saturday night she had a serious sinking spell. Again she rallied and all day Sunday appeared to be much better. In fact relatives were much encouraged for they felt she surely was on the road to recovery. The end came very suddenly and absolutely without warning.

It is regarded as a strange coincidence that Charles Barnstable, a brother of Mrs. Hull, also died suddenly a little over a week ago. His funeral occurred a week ago Sunday.

Mrs. Hull was born in Somersetshire, England, and with other members of her family came to Lake County when a small girl. While still quite young she went to Waukegan and had lived there since.

The deceased whose maiden name was Jennie Barnstable, has several relatives in this village.

Optimistic Thought:

Whatever you dislike in another take care to reform in yourself.

Jackie Meets Instant Death in Front of Train

Benjamin A. Rummele, aged 28, a seaman, guard at the Camp Dewey guard house, was killed instantly Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock when he was struck by a southbound passenger train on the Chicago and North Western railroad. Word has been wired to his mother, Mrs. Pauline Rummele, at Sleepy Eye, Minn.

Rummele was on his way to the main station when the accident occurred. He waited for a northbound train to pass and then stepped around the rear of this train and directly into the path of the southbound train.

A. R. Richardson, another seaman guard, was accompanying Rummele at the time. He perceived the danger and yelled a warning to his friend, but the sound of his voice was drowned in the roar of the train. Rummele succeeded in clearing the truck safely, but was struck by the piston head on the engine and was hurled 15 feet.

Richardson ran to the side of his friend and lifted him in his arms. The victim was dead, however, death apparently having been instantaneous. Rummele enlisted in the navy at Minneapolis, Minnesota, December 7, of last year. He was employed as a shoe clerk up to that time.

Experience Best Teacher.

One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning.

Third Liberty Loan Heads All Set For The Campaign

Just as soon as the details of the Third Liberty Loan are announced, a complete Lake county organization, headed by H. C. Burnett of the Waukegan National bank, county chairman, is ready to begin its "drive."

Chairman Burnett has named a chairman for every town in the county and most of these have selected ten sides for their campaigns.

All that is lacking is the word "Go," from Washington. Benton—B. E. Simons. Antioch—Chase Webb. Newport—G. B. Stephens. Waukegan and part of North Chicago W. T. Hardie.

Warren—Norman H. Brown. Aven—R. W. Churchill. Lake Villa—Eugene Wilton. Libertyville—Jay Morse. Grant—W. S. Stratton. Shields—James F. King. Fremont—R. F. Rouse. Wauconda—D. L. Putman. East Deerfield—G. Roberts. West Deerfield—Lincoln Pettis. Vernon—A. G. Maether. Elia—Emil Ficke. Cuba—M. T. Lomey.

Many of these men have already named their ten sides. When all have done so the complete list will be announced.

The general impression is the new loan will be for \$5,000,000 for five years at four and one-half per cent.

Urges Class One Men to be Ready on Short Notice

That every man in class one with one of the lower order numbers should hold himself in readiness for immediate call to the colors, was the statement made by a member of the Waukegan draft board.

"We do not know how many we will be called upon to send or just when they will be sent away," he said, "but we expect orders daily. The only safe way for the registrants is to hold themselves in readiness for immediate call. I think that the majority are doing this but there may be some who think they will be given plenty of time when the call comes. My advice to all those with the lower order numbers is to lose no time in arranging their affairs so that when the call does come there will be no hardship for them to leave."

Royal Neighbors Package Sale Was a Great Success

The package sale given last Tuesday evening by the Royal Neighbors for the benefit of the Red Cross, was very largely attended and although there was in the neighborhood of three hundred packages donated they lasted but a few minutes after the sale opened, and had there been several times as many more, they would have easily been disposed of.

After the sale closed a good program consisting of musical selections, songs, readings and a patriotic drill was given. The high school orchestra under the leadership of Mr. Pollock furnished the music for the occasion. Although many were unable to secure packages, they remained for the program, which all declared amply repaid them for turning out.

When all was figured up it was found that the sum of \$30.70 had been cleared and that sum was turned over to the Red Cross by the oracle, Mrs. Haynes, Wednesday.

Commercial Association Band Makes Appeal to Citizens

The Antioch Commercial Association Band is still busy trying to raise money by their own endeavor to equip themselves and as this is Antioch's band we hand you herewith a report of our progress. By our own effort we have so far raised \$134.05 and have spent for base horns, drums, repairs on old horn, expense of giving dance and so forth to date \$114.00. Leaving us a balance on hand of \$20.05.

We need clothes now and must raise about \$250 for uniforms. Would you Mr. Citizen of Antioch like to see your band on the streets without uniforms? Come buy a ticket to our next dance on April 1, and help us get them. The Band extends a vote of thanks to the lady that sent us \$5.00 through Mr. Pollock.

Commercial Association Band.

Billard Balla.

Billard balls are turned in the rough and kept in a warm room, sometimes as long as two years. Then, after shrinking, they are turned again.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTERES

Our Exchanges Have Many Items of Different Events Concerning News.

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

Horatie Hokes, a farmer residing near Woodstock, met death in a fall from the hay mow in his barn to the cement floor below one day last week.

The curfew bell rings at 8:30 p. m. at McHenry, at which time every youngster must be off the street. The bell at the school house is used for the purpose.

A movement has been started at Woodstock for the organization of a company of Home Guards. All men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five are eligible to join.

The electric fire whistle, which received a tryout at Lake Geneva, Wis., has been found wanting. The officials say that the whistle will not fill the requirements in the famous summer resort city.

Henry Ford's new submarine fighting ships, being built in the Ford plant at Detroit will be known as "Eagles," Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced. The new craft will constitute the "Eagle class" and the boats will be named Eagle-1, Eagle-2, etc.

Burlington city clerk will this year receive a salary of \$100 per month. The city council at its adjourned meeting last Friday evening, after hearing a report of a special committee, fixed this salary. A resolution was adopted requiring the city clerk to spend at least eight hours a day in his office.

One train is now being operated over the Wauconda-Palatin road. A large gasoline engine mounted on the regulation railroad truck is furnishing the motive power. While the trip between Wauconda and Palatin consumes more time the business men and others are satisfied to have some sort of service at

Lake Geneva will profit to a large extent by the preference of Mrs. J. H. Moore for that city, she having declared her residence there instead of New York or California, thereby giving income tax to the city, county and state. The whole amount from the estate is \$27,329.39, of which the city gets \$19,130.57.

One of the biggest checks made out during the recent collection of taxes in Lake county was that given Collector James Campbell, of Warren township, for the personal and real estate tax of Mrs. Sears, the wealthy resident of Gage's lake vicinity. The check was for something like \$65,600. Her personal tax this year was about \$65,000 and her real estate tax was \$480.

To The American Red Cross Society

Above the screaming of shrapnel,
In that Hell called No-man's land
Comes the voice of the dying and wounded,

Who lie on the blood-soaked sand,
Torn by the rusty barbed wire
Choked with a stifling gas,
They cry in the ghastly moonlight,
'Oh God, what more do you ask,'

And that God of us all seems to hear them,

And seemingly understands,
For he sends forth His Angels of Mercy,
Who wear the Red Cross Band,
Neath the glare of overhead fire,
They comfort the dying man,
Aid and inspire others,
With cheer and gladness again.

They cheer up their homes, friends and sweethearts,
Sacrificed all that they had;
Fearlessly entered the War Zone,
Smitten with sorrow, but glad
Of the chance to but care for the wounded,

Of our friends and foes their on the sand,
And our thanks goes 'bove the din of battle,

To the wearers of the Red Cross band.
Francis J. Cummings,
Co. 'E' 108 Eng., Camp Logan, Texas.

FAIL TO BREAK BRITISH LINES IN GREAT OFFENSIVE

Marshal Haig's Men Withstand Terrible Onslaught of the Huns—Berlin Claims Capture of Ham and Peronne.

AMERICAN AND FRENCH TROOPS AID HAIG, SAYS BERLIN

Allied Commanders Are Satisfied With Results of First Four Days—Terrific Losses Inflicted on the German Hordes—New Monster Cannon Bombarde Paris at Long Range.

Washington, March 25.—American troops were in the thick of the fighting on the British front, according to reports reaching Washington. While news was fragmentary, it was stated that the Americans included engineers. Several of our engineer regiments are believed to have been with the Haig forces in the Cambrai region.

The reports were also to the effect that additional American troops, comprising some of the reserve units provided for by the supreme war council at Versailles, also were used in withstanding the terrific German drive. This reserve originally was composed of British and French forces, but Americans are understood to have been added. These Americans, probably including both infantry and artillery, are distinct from those holding sectors of the western front at other points.

London, March 25.—"The British lines are holding" is the cheering word that comes from France after four days of terrific fighting on the front from St. Martin to Sheenay, a distance of close to 60 miles.

British Line Still Holds.

While the much advertised decisive German offensive, under the direct command of the kaiser, began on last Thursday and continued without letup since that date, has pushed the British formations back for a considerable distance in some sections, the Huns have in no case been able to break through the line except momentarily at two points. In both of these cases the German cavalry were sent through to flank the British lines, but in both cases the cavalry attacks were broken and rolled back with extremely heavy losses.

Foe Suffers Enormous Losses.

These breaks were through the second line of British defenses, and the troops are fighting on their third lines now, with other carefully prepared positions still back of them. All day Sunday, wave after wave of German "shock" troops, selected to batter their way through the allies' defensive, were hurled back with terrific losses. Rifle and machine gun fire tore holes in the advancing field-gray hordes. The two breaks in the British line occurred during Sunday, each of them being about five miles long, and as the Germans poured through them they were taken on both flanks by an enfilading fire that caused terrific slaughter.

All through Saturday and Sunday nights powerful searchlights behind both lines illuminated the field on which the hosts of democracy were repelling the hordes of the Huns.

The losses on both sides have been enormous, a careful estimate placing the British casualties at 100,000 of killed and wounded and 250,000 Germans lost in the same manner.

German Scheme Revealed.

The German scheme of offensive has been revealed in copies taken from prisoners, according to a dispatch from British headquarters. They show the enemy's objectives were as follows:

"First Day—Average penetration along the whole front of attack, five miles.

"Second Day—Seven miles.

"Third Day (beyond which the line does not appear to be carried) twelve miles."

They have not achieved anything of such results. At the end of the fourth day the British lines had been pushed backward in some sections to some nine miles, but the retirement had in every case been along a previously arranged plan, and for the purpose of saving the British troops after they had inflicted the greatest possible loss on the Germans. The casualty figures tell the story of allied strategy.

The fact that the Germans have penetrated the British defensive system west of St. Quentin, taken in connection with the extension of the battle southward against the French line and the British right, seems to indicate that the German general staff is aiming to divide the British and French armies, while the northern attacks between the Senne valley and Cambrai undoubtedly are intended to divide the British forces.

Kaiser Attempts to Deceive.

Both the French and English governments have felt it necessary to counteract the efforts of the kaiser to instill a fear of defeat in the minds of the allied peoples. He invited the

newspaper correspondents of neutral countries to witness the terrific conflict, has made every effort to impress them with the idea that Germany was winning, and has, through the dispatches sent out of Germany by these correspondents, attempted to influence the minds of the people in the allied nations. He sent a telegram to his wife to the effect that his armies had won a victory at Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and Le Perre, and gave a copy of this telegram to the correspondents, together with exaggerated statements regarding breaking the British lines.

Warne French Against Rumors.

The French war office has issued a statement to the French people warning them against pessimistic reports that the Germans have broken through the front and thus are able to bombard Paris from close by. "The French front is intact. Any assertion to the contrary is a lie," the note reads.

Such attempts on the part of the kaiser, if successful, would possibly cause a demand for a "negotiated" peace along German lines.

Monster Gun Shells Paris.

The most amazing feature of the German drive is the bombardment of Paris by a new gun or guns of a range deemed impossible up to now. All day Saturday and Sunday shells from this monster cannon fell in the city and the suburbs at intervals of fifteen or twenty minutes, killing a few persons. Immediate steps to locate the gun were taken, and Sunday night it was announced that it was in the forest of Gohain, west of Laon and exactly 70 miles from the city hall of Paris. Hitherto there has been no gun in use with a range of much more than twenty miles.

The French newspapers do not conceal their admiration for the mechanical feat of the Germans in discovering the new weapon, but speak of the useless barbarity of the bombardment.

Alfred Capus, in the *Figaro*, alludes to the making of the gun as a great mechanical feat, but points out that as a military factor the weapon is entirely inefficient.

Gun Is French Invention.

Former Premier Paul Painleve told the *Excelsior* that, by using tungsten in the fabrication of the projectile, the tungsten shells would be of about half the diameter of steel shells of an even weight, and that therefore the atmospheric resistance would be less, thus accounting for the extremely long range.

The *Petit Parisien* terms the bombardment "an extremely minor incident as compared with the gigantic battle in progress on the British front."

Le *Petit Journal* declares the gun is a French invention. "More than a year ago," it adds, "we discovered the secret of firing our cannon more than 100 kilometers. The secret lies in the greater suppression of the atmospheric resistance."

Le *Journal*, in its article regarding the gun, says that the piece, of 240 millimeters caliber, is of Austrian manufacture. It is a very delicate piece of machinery, which must be handled by expert mathematicians and gunners, the newspaper adds, as the loading and pointing is a difficult task. It declares that each shot costs about \$4,000.

Distinctive Warning for Shells.

The government has decided that in the future the bombardment of Paris by long-distance guns shall not interrupt the normal life of the capital, but that the population shall be warned of a bombardment by distinctive means, differing from the usual warnings sent out in cases of air raids. Drums will be beaten and the police will sound whistles.

Capital Is Confident of Victory.

The comment of the French press was about evenly divided between the big gun which is bombarding the city from back of the German lines, and the terrific battle raging on the British front.

The tone of the comment on the bombardment was of astonishment at the feasibility of the performance.

As to the battle, a favorable ending of it is confidently expected.

The newspapers do not conceal their admiration for the mechanical feat of the Germans in constructing their new weapon, but speak passionately of the

useless barbarity of the bombardment. Paper Asks for Reprisals.

The *Matin* says it is consoling to note that the number of victims is small, but it asks for reprisals on German cities.

The ordinance experts were not ready to commit themselves as to whether the shell was a sort of aerial torpedo driven by propellers, whether an inner projectile contained in the original shell is released by an explosive after the shell has traveled a certain distance from the gun, or whether the original projectile itself reaches its destination, propelled perhaps by an explosive of a force hitherto unknown.

Berlin Reports Victory.

Berlin, March 25.—Victory in the battle which has been raging near Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and Le Perre is claimed for the German army in the headquarters statement. The British third and fourth armies and parts of Franco-American reserves which have been brought up are declared to have been beaten and to have been repulsed with the heaviest losses on the line from Beaupre to Douchevignes and behind the Somme between Peronne and Ham, as well as at Chaubuy.

The number of prisoners captured by the Germans now amounts to 30,000 and the number of guns 600, the German official statement says.

Says Reserves Were Repulsed.

The text of the statement reads: "Western war theater—The battle near Monchy, Cambrai, St. Quentin and Le Perre has been won. The British third and fourth armies and portions of Franco-American reserves who had been brought up were beaten and on the line of Beaupre, Douchevignes and behind the Somme between Peronne and Ham, as well as at Chaubuy, were repulsed with the heaviest losses.

Height Taken by Storm.

The army of General von Hindenburg (Otto) took by storm Monchy, height and south thereof carried forward the attack in a westerly direction beyond Manincourt and Hénin. It now is engaged in a fight northwest of Beaupre for the third enemy positions. Strong British counter-attacks were repulsed.

Fight on Somme Battlefield.

Between Manincourt and Peronne the troops of Generals von Katten and Gontard have forced a crossing over the Tortille sector and on the Somme battlefield are fighting around Douchevignes. Peronne has fallen. Other divisions pressed forward to the south thereof as far as the Somme.

As early as Friday evening the army of General von Hindenburg, pressing closely forward, took by storm the third enemy position, broke through it and compelled the enemy to retire."

The town toward which the German official statement mentions French, English and American regiments as being thrown back is probably Chaubuy, on the Oise river, seven miles southwest of La Perre and about five miles back of the previously established line. Saturday's German official statement reported the fording of a crossing of the Oise west of the La Perre, where the British and French lines are believed to have joined, and the recession of the British right wing here would necessarily have taken the French left wing along with it.

In ceaseless pursuit the corps of Generals von Luttwitz and von Oetel have reached the Somme. Ham fell after a desperate fight, into the hands of our victorious troops. British reserves, which were thrown against them in a desperate attack sustained singularly losses.

The corps of General von Weber and Von Conte and the troops of General von Geyl, after a fierce battle, crossed the Crozat canal. French English and American regiments which had been brought up from the southwest for a counter-attack were thrown back in Chaubuy in a southwesterly direction.

London Reports No Change.

London, March 25.—There was no material change in the situation on the battle front in northern France throughout the night, although further fighting occurred at a number of points, the war office announced.

British troops, the statement announces, are holding the line of the Somme river to Peronne. Small enemy parties which attempted to cross the river in the neighborhood of Parguy were driven back.

Northward from the Somme at Peronne the British troops are holding their positions after beating off a number of attacks during the night.

The text of the statement reads: "There has been no material change in the situation on the battle front during the night, although further fighting has taken place at a number of points.

Conservation of the supply of ammonium nitrate and acids and construction at government expense of a plant for the fixation of atmospheric nitrogen and its final conversion into ammonium nitrate.

Construction now undertaken of a gas filling plant to cost approximately \$1,500,000 and the construction of five large shell filling plants to cost in the aggregate \$25,000,000.

By June of this year, the memorandum said, the division will have a staff of 1,500 officers and 10,000 civilians.

NEW LIBERTY LOAN 3 BILLION

McAdoo Makes Announcement of Third Issue of War Bonds.

AT 4-1-4 PER CENT INTEREST

Campaign Opens on April 6—Secretary Calls on Americans to Over-subscribe Securities to Insure Defeat of Huns.

Washington, March 27.—Secretary McAdoo announced on Monday that the amount of the third Liberty loan would be \$3,000,000,000, the bonds carrying 4 1/4 per cent interest and that all oversubscriptions will be accepted.

The secretary of the treasury outlined his plan following a conference with Representative Kitchin, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, and will ask congress for approval.

Outstanding features of the third war loan plan as announced are: The bonds will be nonconvertible, but bonds of the first and second war loans may be converted into the new 4 1/4 per cent securities.

The bonds will be acceptable at par and accrued interest in payment of United States inheritance taxes. They will have the benefit of a sinking fund of 5 per cent per annum during the period of the war and for one year thereafter.

Authority to issue \$4,500,000,000 in bonds in addition to the \$3,000,000,000 already authorized and unissued is proposed in new loan legislation prepared for submission to congress, so that the total amount which may be issued is \$7,500,000,000.

Congress, the secretary announced, will be asked for authority to make additional loans to the allies during the coming summer. The decision to make the new bonds nonconvertible, he said, was reached in order to put an end to the expectation of higher interest rates.

In a statement issued when making the announcement the secretary declared that the great events now happening in France must fire the soul of every American with a new determination to furnish all the dollars and all the material resources of America that are needed to put an end to the execrable atrocities of German militarism.

"Defeat faces the kaiser," he declared. "Let us listen to it by asserting America's might with increased vigor in concert with our gallant comrades. I am sure that the people will respond to the third Liberty loan with the same loyalty and enthusiasm that characterized their support of the first two loans."

WOOD URGES LARGER ARMY

General Recommends That American Force of 2,000,000 Be Maintained Abroad and Same Number Here.

Washington, March 27.—Praising the condition and work of General Pershing's expeditionary forces, General Wood recommended that an American army of 2,000,000 men be maintained abroad as soon as possible and that another 2,000,000 men be returned from the European battle front, told the senate military committee, and many other senators who listened in an executive session on Monday to a statement from him that allied military experts are unanimous in their opinion that the German offensive will fail and that the enemy will not be able to break through the lines.

WILSON LAUDS BRITISH ARMY

President Congratulates Haig for Stand Against Hun and Predicts Final Allied Victory.

Washington, March 27.—President Wilson on Monday called Field Marshal Haig, congratulating him on the British stand against the German offensive and predicting a final allied victory. The president's message read: "May I not express to you my warm admiration for the splendid steadfastness and valor with which your troops have withstood the German onset and the perfect confidence all Americans feel that you will win a secure and final victory."

Col. D. McArthur Wounded.

Washington, March 27.—General Pershing's casualty list contained thirteen names. One died of wounds, three died of disease, three from causes unknown, one man severely wounded and seven slightly wounded.

Colonel Douglas McArthur, chief of staff of the Rainbow division, was severely wounded.

Killed for Disloyal Talk.

Tulsa, Okla., March 27.—Joe Sing, a waiter here, was shot by S. L. Miller, a special officer of the county defense council. Sing is said to have expressed a hope that "every American soldier in France be killed."

German Prince Is Slain.

London, March 27.—Prince Henry of Reuss, head of the younger branch of the Reuss family, has been killed on the western front, according to a Central News dispatch quoting advices from Berlin.

A DAGGER IN THE BACK

That's the woman's dread when she gets up in the morning to start the day's work. "Oh, how my back aches." GOLD MEDAL Hailem Oil Capsules taken today, eases the backache of tomorrow. Taken every day eases the backache for all time. Don't delay. What's the use of suffering? Begin taking GOLD MEDAL Hailem Oil Capsules today and be relieved tomorrow. Take three or four every day and be permanently free from wrenching, distressing back pains. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Since 1899 GOLD MEDAL Hailem Oil has been the Government Remedy of Holland, the Government of the Netherlands having granted a special charter authorizing its preparation and sale. The housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without bread as she would without her "Real Dutch Drops," as she quaintly calls GOLD MEDAL Hailem Oil Capsules. This is the one reason why you will find the women and children of Holland so sturdy and robust.

GOLD MEDAL are the pure, original Hailem Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. Sold by reliable druggists in sealed packages, three a box. Money refunded if they don't help you. Accept only the GOLD MEDAL. All others are imitations. Adv.

Wanted to Be Helped Out.

Mrs. Styles—Will you come over to tea tonight?
Mrs. Myles—Surely.
"And will you bring your husband?"
"Why, yes."
"And your knitting?"
"Most assuredly."
"Oh, yes! I almost forgot. And will you please bring over some sugar and coal with you?"

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Bit of Persiflage.

Alden (showing heirlooms)—Here's a faded old document that was written on board the Mayflower. It's a receipt given by Thomas Dudley to my ancestor for two pounds which he had borrowed before they started.

Aldens—Ah! Then your ancestor came across on the Mayflower. In two senses.

Alden—Yes, he really had the distinction of being the first settler.—Boston Transcript.

To restore a normal action to Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, take "Gardfield" Tea, the mild herb laxative. All druggists. Adv.

As She Understood It.

Mary's mother was buying some changeable silk. After the purchase was made Mary said: "Mamma, do they call that changeable because you can take it back tomorrow if you want to?"

The man who has no self-respect cannot respect others.

YOU'LL LAUGH AT HUNKS LIFT CORNS OUT

Magical! Costs few cents! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the bothersome corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug!



Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the mysterious ether discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius. Great!



What Do You Know About CATTLE?

Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS? Buy in a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the New York CATTLE BREEDS AND ORIGIN about all breeds of cattle on earth. DR. CARL ROBERTS' VETERINARY CO., 100, WAUKEGA, WIS.

PATENTS

Why Women Suffer

BECAUSE you are a woman there is no need to suffer pain and annoyance which interfere with work, comfort and pleasure. When you suffer again try PISO's Tablets—a valuable, healing local application with astringent and tonic effects. The name PISO established over 50 years guarantees fair treatment. Money refunded if not satisfied. If you would be rid of Backaches, Headaches, Nervousness, Weakness as symptoms of the condition—a trial will convince.

PISO'S TABLETS
Sold Everywhere 50 Cents
Sample Mailed Free—address postcard
THE PISO COMPANY
400 Piso Bldg. Warren, Pa.

BAKED POTATO

BIG, white, mealy—with butter melting on it. Um-m-m! And you like it because it is baked. Same with Lucky Strike Cigarette

IT'S TOASTED

Cooking makes things delicious—toasting the tobacco has made the Lucky Strike Cigarette famous.



U. S. CANNON PLANTS READY

Chemicals and Shell Filling Provided For on a Vast Scale, Says Report.

Washington, March 23.—The virtual completion of 10 plants for the manufacture of mobile artillery cannon for the American army was announced by the gun division of the bureau of ordnance. A memorandum to Acting Secretary Crowell of the war department outlined other work of the division as follows:

Construction of smokeless powder plants in face of the necessity of doubling the present output.

Expenditure of approximately \$40,000,000 for plant facilities to manufacture artillery cannon, with an estimate that \$300,000,000 will be spent for cannon alone within two years after the nation entered the war.

Negotiations in many cities of the country for the erection of plants for the extraction of talc from blummarig gas.

Conservation of the supply of ammonium nitrate and acids and construction at government expense of a plant for the fixation of atmospheric nitrogen and its final conversion into ammonium nitrate.

Construction now undertaken of a gas filling plant to cost approximately \$1,500,000 and the construction of five large shell filling plants to cost in the aggregate \$25,000,000.

By June of this year, the memorandum said, the division will have a staff of 1,500 officers and 10,000 civilians.

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Marshal

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THE ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, EDITOR. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPY 5c.

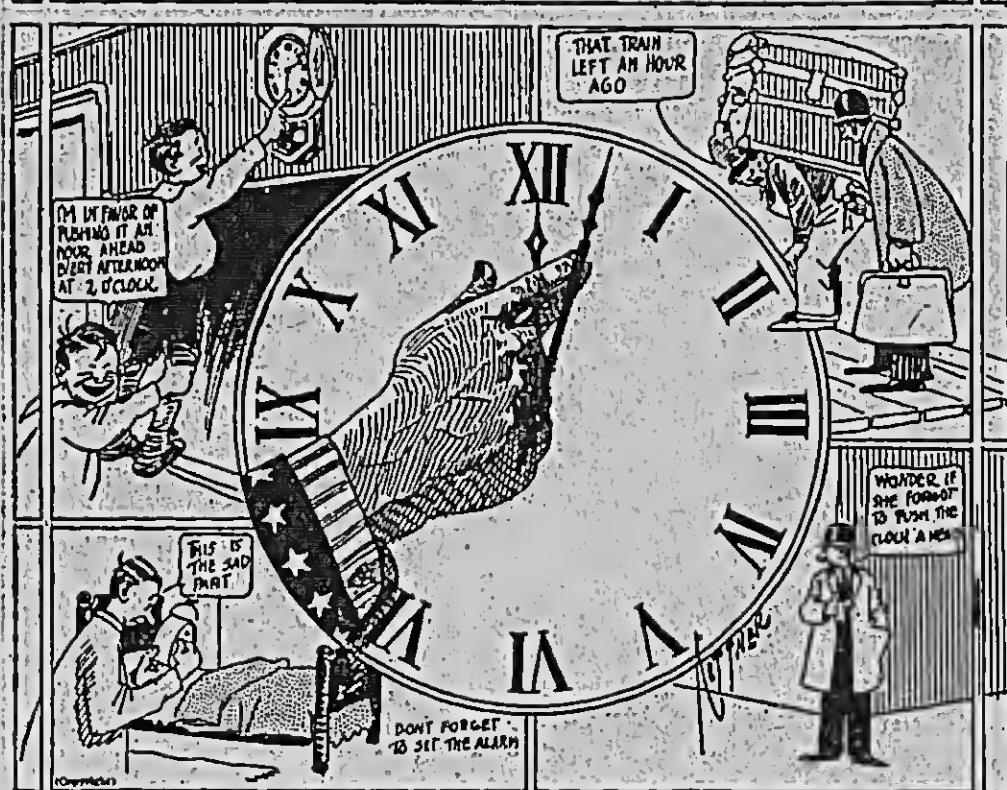
ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION

TELEPHONE 119-J



"OUR FLAG"

Pushing the Clock Ahead One Hour



Farmers are Helped by Gov. Lowden

Thanks to Governor Lowden, drafted men from the farms, who are needed to make this year's crop, will not be called into army service until the last possible moment.

Governor Lowden took up this matter with the War Department some time ago. His efforts resulted in an order from General Crowder which has been sent to all local exemption boards. In part, the order reads:

The situation arising from the scarcity of farm labor demands that the call to the colors of men actively, completely and assiduously engaged in the planting or cultivation of a crop, but who are in class one and within the new quota, should be deferred until the end of the quota. Please instruct your local boards, therefore that the President directs that, in filling this emergency call, they shall pass the order numbers of such men and defer their call for the present. It must be borne in mind that this step is taken solely in the need of the Nation and not for the benefit of any individual.

All citizens should assist in making this expedient effective and bringing to the attention of the board cases meriting deferment as well as cases in which deferment is being abused.

This deferment does not apply to men in the dairy business or in any other branch of agriculture not connected with the planting and cultivation of a crop or work necessarily incident thereto.

Enlarge Your Coal Bins Now

The United States Fuel Administration is of the opinion that the greatest aid that can be rendered the fuel situation by the domestic coal consumer is to provide necessary storage space for all normal coal requirements. Most houses are equipped with coal bins erected as an afterthought, their capacity bearing little or no relation to the amount of coal consumed in furnace or range. A house requiring thirty tons of coal in the winter will have bin capacity for ten tons or even less. Each householder should buy as early as possible the largest quantity, under his requirements, that can be paid for and stored.

Rearrangements of cellars, the erection of outside bins, if necessary, the expansion of bin space by every possible device, should engage the attention of all consumers who want to aid the government in every way to do away with any possibility of local coal shortage next winter.

If the man who burns thirty tons and buys in ten ton lots can achieve a bin capacity of twenty tons, and get the coal stored this summer, he will contribute in an important way to the solution of coal difficulties.

The old slogan of "Save a Shovelful of Coal" may well be supplemented, in the face of the new and clearly defined regulations, with a new slogan reading: "Build a Bin."

No Double Sensorship

Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts is the author of an amendment to the recently deficiency appropriation bill that will commend itself to every person who has a friend or relative in France. In effect it forbids the double censoring of the mail.

ENHANCE THE VALUE OF YOUR PROPERTY



Clean Up and Paint Up—Then Keep It Clean

Paint will not only beautify your buildings, but will provide you with an insurance against decay and the ravages of insects, as well as from damage by the elements.

We Carry THE BEST PAINT

for painting the house, buildings, fences and implements. You Cannot Afford to Let Your Property Run Down just for the lack of paint. Talk it over with us and get an estimate on the cost.

Try Bradley & Vrooman Co. Paint CHASE WEBB SELLS IT

McADOO SEEKS HELP FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES

Will Ask States and Municipalities to Permit Rate Increases to Meet War Conditions.

PRESIDENT APPROVES IT

Declares It Is Essential That All Utilities Be Maintained at Maximum Efficiency.

Special to The New York Times. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Following the receipt of communications from several of the public utility corporations asking that State and local authorities be urged to consider quickly arguments for readjustment of rates which would tend toward maximum efficiency, William G. McAdoo, as Secretary of the Treasury, brought the matter to the attention of President Wilson.

He received today a reply from the President expressing the conviction that the public utilities formed a vital part of the war machinery and authorizing him to take up with the proper officials when circumstances might make such action advisable, the problems involved.

The representatives of the public utilities had brought before Mr. McAdoo what they believed to be the necessary for a general increase in rates if service was to be extended to meet the increased demands of wartime activities. It is possible that some consideration may be given by the Federal Government to the question of extending credit necessary for expansion, especially if the War Finance Corporation bill is adopted.

The utilities in which the Federal Railroad Administration will interest itself are street railway, light, heat, and power companies. Where it appears necessary increases in force or rates may be suggested.

McAdoo's Appeal. Copies of the correspondence between the President and Mr. McAdoo were made public today. The Secretary's letter to the President follows:

Feb. 15, 1918. Dear Mr. President—I beg to hand you herewith several memoranda and letters relating to street railway and other local public utilities furnishing light, heat, and power, which I have been asked to bring to your attention by a committee representing interested parties.

These papers indicate the existence of genuine apprehension regarding the adequacy of present conditions of the services and rates of local public utilities. The view is expressed that increased wages and the high cost of essential materials and supplies have affected them and they have been asked to bring to your attention by a committee representing interested parties.

As Secretary of the Treasury, I must take official notice of these matters. It is obvious that every part of our industrial and economic life should be maintained at its maximum strength in order that each may contribute in the fullest measure to the vigorous prosecution of the war. Our local public utilities must not be permitted to become weakened. Transportation of workers to and from our vital industries and the health and comfort of our citizens in their homes are dependent upon them, and the necessary power to drive many of our war industries and many other industries essential to the war is produced by them. It may be that here and there, because of the prominence given to less important interests immediately at hand, State and local authorities do not always appreciate the close connection between the soundness and efficiency of the local utilities and the national strength and vigor, and do not resort with sufficient promptness to the call for remedial measures. In such cases, I am confident that all such State and local authorities will respond promptly to the national need when the matter is fairly and properly brought before them.

Our public service utilities are closely connected with and are an essential part of our national life and successful prosecution of the war, and the unfavorable tendencies which are accompanying the war may most effectively be checked, wherever they may be found to exist, and the needed relief obtained only by prompt action on the part of the respective local authorities.

I earnestly hope that you may feel justified in expressing the conviction that the vital part which the public utilities play in the national life and war-making energy of the nation ought to receive full and just recognition by State and local authorities. Cordially yours, W. G. McADOO. The President, the White House. President Wilson's Reply. Here is the President's reply:

My Dear Mr. Secretary: I have examined with care the memoranda and letters which you transmitted to me with your letter of the fifteenth. I fully share the views you express regarding the importance of the public service utilities as a part of our national equipment, especially in wartime. It is essential that these utilities should be maintained at their maximum efficiency and that everything reasonably possible should be done with that end in view. I hope that State and local authorities, where they have not already done so, will, when the facts are properly laid before them, respond promptly to the necessities of the situation. I shall be glad to have you communicate with the local authorities whenever the information in your possession suggests that such a course is desirable and in the national interest. Cordially yours, (Signed) WOODROW WILSON. Hon. William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury.

SPECIALASSESSMENT NOTICE

To Receive Proposals or Bids for the Construction of Sewer Purification Plant

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Antioch, will receive proposals or bids until the hour of opening the same as hereinafter set forth for the construction of a section of the proposed improvement specified in a certain ordinance passed and approved by the President and Board of Trustees of said Village of Antioch, on the 23rd day of November A. D. 1916, providing for a connected system of main and branch sanitary sewers with necessary manholes, sewer stubs, house connection branches, sewer junctions, sewage purification plant and open outfall sewer or drain and all appurtenances. Said section being Section Two (2) of said improvement, consisting of the following:

Sewer purification plant, including reinforced concrete septic tanks, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and appurtenances, complete.

1 concrete bulkhead, complete, 1 concrete spillway, complete.

The plans and specifications are now on file at the office of Harry L. Emerson, Village Engineer, No. 1118 Chamber of Commerce Building, southeast corner of Washington and LaSalle streets, Chicago; at the office of E. M. Runyard, Village Attorney, 305 Washington street, Waukegan, Illinois; at the office of Harry A. Isaacs, Secretary of the Board of Local Improvements, Harden street, Antioch, Ill.

Said bids or proposals shall be delivered to Harry A. Isaacs, Secretary of the Board of Local Improvements, and will not be considered unless accompanied by check certified by some reliable bank, payable to the order of William J. Christian, President of said Board of Local Improvements, in his official capacity, for not less than ten (10) percentum of the aggregate of said proposal or bid. Said proposals or bids shall be for the construction of said Section two (2) in accordance with the ordinance providing therefor, which ordinance is on file in the office of the Village Clerk.

Payment for said improvement shall be made in bonds and shall draw interest at the rate of five (5%) per centum per annum. Said proposals or bids shall be opened, examined and publicly declared by the Board of Local Improvements at a meeting thereof to be held in the Council Chamber of the Village Hall in said Village of Antioch, Illinois, at the hour of 7 o'clock p. m., on the 1st day of April A. D. 1918.

Dated this 20th day of March A. D. 1918.

William J. Christian, Elmer Brook, Frank R. King, Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Antioch, Ill.

New You'll Laugh at the Home

Clean Up, Paint Up and Paper the Rooms

It is like living in a new home to have the walls freshly papered or painted after a long, hard winter. Now is the time to do the work, while the Clean Up, Paint Up campaign is in full swing.

WE HAVE THE

Latest Wall Paper

Everything for the decoration of the found in our large and attractive stock.

KING'S DRUG STORE ANTIOCH

MEN'S

Specimen Ballot

Town of Antioch

Election Tuesday, April 2, 1918

E. T. Richards
Town Clerk.

People's Party Independent Party (By Petition)

For Town Clerk

CHAS. F. RICHARDS

For Assessor

W. T. TAYLOR

For Commissioner of Highways

FRANK DUNN

For Commissioner of Highways

BARNEY TRIEGER

For Constable (vote for two)

L. H. FELTER

H. H. CRANDALL

WOMEN'S

Specimen Ballot

Town of Antioch

Election Tuesday, April 2, 1918

C. F. RICHARDS

Town Clerk

People's Party Independent Party (By Petition)

For Town Clerk

CHAS. F. RICHARDS

For Assessor

W. T. TAYLOR

For Commissioner of Highways

FRANK DUNN

For Commissioner of Highways

BARNEY TRIEGER

Special Gravel Tax

FOR a special gravel tax of 30 cents on each one hundred dollars valuation of all assessable property of said town for the term of three years, the same to be applied on the Pikeville-Millburn road, to the south line of Section 24.

AGAINST a special gravel tax of 30 cents on each one hundred dollars valuation of all assessable property of said town for the term of three years, the same to be applied on the Pikeville-Millburn road, to the south line of Section 24.

Personal Happenings

Monday, April 1.
Ant Monday in Chi-
Chicago on bus-
all colors—King's
Chicago passenger
a Chicago visitor
Barthel are visit-
cago.
and Ralph Kinrade
ago.
Camp Grant spent
ere.
and son Charles
ston.
Ails spent over
er here.
aukegan was call-
log on fri-
Saturday.
Miss Clara R. of Waukegan spent
over Sunday
er parents here.
Mrs. Andrew
rison spent several
days last week
friends in Chicago.
Mr. and Mrs.
Andrew Harrison and
daughter were
ayslake callers Sun-
day.
Mr. and Mrs.
exsmith and son of
Chicago spent of Sunday at the Geo.
Wedge home.
Misses Carrie Cropley and Virginia
Radtko of Kenosha spent over Sunday
with relatives here.
Misses Shirle and Marlon Schroeder
of Chicago visited over Sunday at the
Wm. Dupre home at this place.
It will pay you bigger than ever to
treat your seed with Formaldehyde
this year. We have it. King's Drug
Store.
"A Crazy Idea" is the name of the
play which is being rehearsed by the
High School Junior and will be given
May 3.
J. D. Traynor has been awarded the
contract for decorating the interior of
the M. E. church and is already at
work on the job.
The Antioch Commercial Association
band will give an Easter dance on Mon-
day evening, April 1st at the Antioch
opera house. Morrell orchestra will
furnish the music.
Wanted—Men for factory work, opera-
ting machines and doing light assembly
work. High wages paid. No labor
trouble. Call or write once. The
Frank D. Cook Co., Zion City, Ill.
Work will be re-commenced on the
mill this week. The gang is in
town this week getting everything in
readiness to take up the work where
they were obliged to leave off last fall.
The machinery is being installed at
the mill this week, under the direction
of an expert from Chicago. The work
is being pushed to a hasty completion
and the place will be ready for business
in a short time.
Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Williams returned
to their home on Monday, after having
passed a most delightful winter in Flor-
ida. They were accompanied by their
little grand-daughter, who has been
attending school, while staying with
them, also their daughter, Mrs. C. K.
Anderson, of Chicago, who has been
visiting them the past six weeks.
They left the Antioch friends at Lees-
burg all well.

Notice

On account of the boys of Antioch
and vicinity, who have been in the
habit of making my woods a play
ground on Saturdays, having abused
the privilege to the extent of damaging
the trees, and setting fires which have
destroyed several dollars worth of
posts, I am compelled to deny them the
use of the grounds and hereafter any-
one caught there will be deemed a tres-
passer and will be dealt with accord-
ingly.
Jake VanPatton.

For Sale

12 tons No. 1 timothy hay in barn.
7 tons slough hay in barn.
800 bushels clean oats.
Seed corn. Price very reasonable.
Albert E. Jack.

Notice

During the month of March we will
sell any implement now in stock such as
seeders, disk harrows, drags, manure
spreaders, plows, mowers, cultivators,
etc., at prices that you cannot afford to
miss, for prices are advancing right
along. Buy early to fill your require-
ments for the coming season. If you
are in need of a heating stove before
another winter, buy now for they will
cost more next fall and are likely to be
hard to get at any price, owing to pres-
ent conditions. Come in and get our
prices and terms. Yours very truly
E. L. Wald & Co., Lake Villa, Ill. 27w4

Easter egg dyes at King's Drug store.
Leo Savage has returned home from
his western trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gray spent Tues-
day in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Soule were Wauke-
gan visitors Tuesday.

Dr. Warriner and Jas. McVey were in
Waukegan Tuesday.

Fred Shottliff of Bristol was calling
on friends here Saturday.

Mr. Vac Babor entertained a few
Chicago relatives over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Keulmon and Mrs. Arthur
Bock were Chicago visitors Monday.

Percy and Walter Chinn of Kenosha
spent over Sunday with their families
here.

Jos. Dupre spent the latter part of
last week and the fore part of this in
Aurora.

The Delta Alpha class are planning
an "April Fool" social for Monday
evening, April 1.

The basket ball teams will play their
lost game of this season tomorrow
evening at Wauconda.

Mrs. L. J. Chinn left Tuesday for a
visit with her daughter, Mrs. Martin
Weber at Libertyville.

The Waukegan Rug Co. will send
their representative to take orders
on old carpets on Tuesday, April 2.

Miss Margaret McGraw has returned
to her home at Lake Beulah, Wis.,
after a visit at the Trevnor home.

C. W. Martin of Chicago has pur-
chased of J. E. Brook, thirty acres
of land bordering on Cross Lake. He
also purchased a four acre strip on the
same lake from Wm. Hillebrand.

The members of the Holy Cross Guild
will give an Easter egg hunt Monday
evening, April 1, at seven o'clock, at
the residence of Mrs. J. J. Morley.
Children bring lights to hunt with.
Out door games will be played. Ad-
mission 5 and 10 cents.

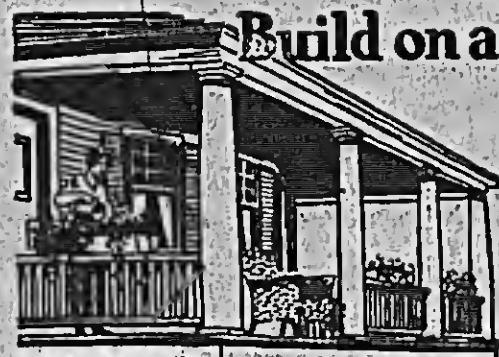
The Epworth League will hold a sun-
rise prayer meeting at the church at
6:00 a. m. Sunday, Easter morn at
10:00 a. m. Children's exercises at 7:30
p. m. At every service an opportunity
will be given to those who wish to unite
with the church. Children may be pre-
sented for baptism at the Sunday School
hour, 11:00 a. m. or at any other ser-
vices of the day if more convenient for
the parents.

300 Acre Farm for Sale Cheap

To close an estate we will receive of-
fers for the purchase of a 311-acre farm
between Millburn and Wadsworth, Lake
County, Illinois, containing both pas-
ture land and tillable land. Most of
the tillable land is tilled and drained. A
creek, fed by springs, running through
the pasture land makes it especially
desirable for stock or dairy purposes.
The buildings include a ten-room
house with running hot and cold water
and other modern improvements; two
cow barns, one of which will stable 60
head; two forty foot cement stalls; a
large hog house with loft above; two
large double corn houses with enclosed
driveway; tool and machinery house;
one large barn for stock; several small
buildings and sheds. These structures
alone could not be replaced today short
of \$20,000. Sale will be subject to
\$16,000 mortgage bearing 5% interest.
We shall be glad to send you a more
complete description of the property if
you are interested.

TRUST DEPARTMENT

Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Organized Feb. 1, N. W. Harris & Co., 1882
Incorporated 1907
CHICAGO



Build on a Big Roomy Porch

And you'll have a big
out-door living room that
will give you more sum-
mer pleasure than all the
rest of the house combined.
And it won't cost much
either. We've every kind of
plan—simple and elaborate—
as well as all other details you'll
need. Think this over seriously.

Antioch Lumber and Coal Co.

A Cigar of Merit

"EL RECTOR"
CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

Factory 2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL C. NIEMAN, Maker
Phone Canal 4478
OFFICE, 1204 S. LEAVITT ST

Miss Anna Babor is at home after
spending the past month with her sis-
ter, Mrs. F. Cerny in Chicago.

The next cottage social will be held
at the home of Mrs. Elmer Brook on
Tuesday afternoon April 2. N. Mor-
ley, Sec'y.

Dr. Clark, Superintendent of the Chi-
cago Northern District, will preach on
Friday evening at 7:30. All are cor-
dially invited to attend this service and
partake of the communion.

Miss Mary Anderson, a sister of Mrs.
W. E. Volkman of this place, who has
followed the profession of a trained
nurse for some time, left on Monday
for France to "do her bit" as a Red
Cross nurse.

Wanted—Girls for light factory work,
making electric apparatus, agreeable
conditions, high wages paid. No labor
trouble. Call or write at once. Frank
D. Cook Co. Zion City, Ill.

On account of the repair work going
on at the M. E. church at this time,
the next regular meeting of the Ladies
Aid which would come on April 3, has
been postponed. Date announced later.

Town election comes off next Tuesday
and it promises to be even a little more
exciting than the primary. The only
contest is for the office of highway com-
missioner, and the friends of each candi-
date are making most of every op-
portunity to boost for the man of their
choice. Don't neglect to come out and
vote.

The Delta Alpha class will hold an
"April Fool" social in the church bas-
ement Monday evening, and a good time
is being planned for all who attend.
Lunch will be served. Admission 15c.
A grab bag will also be in evidence and
will contain many a "pleasant surprise".
Everyone invited.

Mr. and Mrs. J. White received a
letter Wednesday morning from their
eldest son Clarence telling them of his
safe arrival in France. He enlisted in
Kenosha last fall and in October was
sent to Texas, and was among those
listed to sail on the ill-fated Tuscania
in February but an illness which neces-
sitated a stay in the hospital prevented
his going at that time. About the mid-
dle of February his parents received a
letter from him stating that he expected
to leave at almost any time, and
that was the last heard from him until
this week when his most welcome let-
ter arrived.

Under plans announced by Arch-
bishop Mundelein, young men of the
Catholic college who are studying for
the priesthood will till 600 acres of
farm land connected with St. Mary's
Training school at Des Plaines, and 100
acres near Area.

MAJESTI C
THEATER

Saturday, Mch. 30,
Wm. Russell
in
The Love Hermit

Sunday, Mch. 31,
Marguerite Clark
in
The Fortunes of
Fife

Six reel feature, Ford Weekly

Wednesday, April 3,
Blanche Sweet
in
Those Without Sin

The annual meeting of the Fair
Improvement association will be held
at Libertyville on Saturday, March 30.
The morning will be given over to a
business meeting and in the afternoon
there will be addresses by W. P. Hand-
schin, Director of Extension work at
the University of Illinois, and Arthur
Page, Editor of the Orange Judd Farm-
er. This promises to be a very pro-
fitable meeting and all farmers are in-
vited to attend.

The services for Holy Week, the last
week in Lent, which are to be held in
St. Ignatius' church, are as follows:
On Maunday Thursday there will be a
service at 7:30 p. m. There will be
four services on Good Friday, Litany at
9:00 a. m., "Three Hours Agony of the
Most Holy Redeemer upon the Cross" at
12:00 to 3:00 p. m. Children's
service at 4:00 p. m., and Vespers at
7:30 p. m. The services for Easter
day are Sunday School at 9:45 and special
choral Matins at 11:00 a. m. In the
afternoon there will be a Children's
Festival at 4:00 to which all interested
are invited. The Easter Communion
will be held on Easter Wednesday and
the Rev. Joseph Anastasi of Chicago
will be the celebrant. It is hoped that
all communicants will make their Easter
communion on this day.

Church Services

Methodist Episcopal Church

S. E. Pollock, pastor.
10:00 a. m.—Public worship.
11:15 a. m.—Sunday School.
6:30 p. m.—Epworth League.
7:30 p. m.—Evening service of wor-
ship.
4:00 p. m. Wednesday—Junior League

St. Ignatius' Episcopal Church

A. D. KOLKEBECK, Lay Reader
Church School at 9:45 a. m.
Morning Prayer at 11:00 a. m.

Hickory M. E. Church

E. D. Wahl, Pastor.
1:45 p. m.—Sunday School.
2:30 p. m.—Preaching Service.

Evangelical Lutheran St. Paul's Church

S. A. JEDELE, PASTOR
Lutheran services at 2:30 p. m. every
second and last Sunday of each month.
Second Sunday German services. Last
English.

Christian Science

Christian Science services held at
the Majestic theater, every Sunday, at
10:45 a. m.

CLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT

WANTED—To buy a large American
flag. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Single buggy and har-
ness, good as new. Dr. Turner.

FOR SALE—A power feed grinder,
nearly new. Inquire of John Dupre. 29tf

WANTED—A man to work by the
month. Walter Selter. Phone 120J.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A forty acre
farm, good buildings. Inquire of J. W.
VanDuzer, Antioch. 2w

FOR SALE—Rosen Sanatory indoors
toilet, good as new, used 3 months.
Inquire of Mrs. R. Guthrie, Lake Marie

FOR SALE—Choice Early Ohio pota-
toes. Inquire of D. Nelson, Antioch. 2w4

FOR SALE—Second-hand delivery or
milk wagon. Inquire of Chase Webb.

WANTED—A farm of 40 to 60 acres
with good buildings. Inquire at this
office.

MONEY TO LOAN—A sum of money
to loan on good security. Inquire at
this office.

FOR SALE—Early Ohio seed pota-
toes. Inquire of Robert Selter. Phone
107W. 29w4

FOR SALE—S. C. Black Minorca
eggs for setting. \$1.50 per 15. Wm.
Dupre.

FOR SALE—Timothy hay in barn,
or will trade for corn or barley. Wal-
ter Selter.

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, S.
C. White Orpingtons. \$1.00 setting.
Oliver Cubbons. 29tf

WANTED—A reliable and competent
farm hand. Best wages paid. Address
"J. B." care of this office.

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, R.
C. Rhode Island Reds. 75 cents per
setting of 16 eggs. Inquire of Mrs. C.
E. Kelly. 29w4

FOR SALE—8 acres, house and barn,
fruit trees and small fruit, just outside
village limits. Several houses for sale
and rent in Village. J. C. James. 29tf

FOR SALE—One Chester White brood
sow also pure bred Silver Laced Wyon-
dotte cockrels. Donald A. McKay,
Trevor, Wis.

FOR SALE—One 35 horse power Case
steam tractor, 3 years old; two incu-
bators, Successful 241-egg and Buffalo
300 egg. Inquire of Louis Ruchewski,
Lake Villa. 2w

FOR RENT—Carpenter tools of all
kinds, combined circle saw attachments
foot power. Foot power mortising
machine; foot power scroll saw; iron
and wood clamps, all sizes, work bench.
Inquire of Mrs. R. Guthrie, Lake Marie

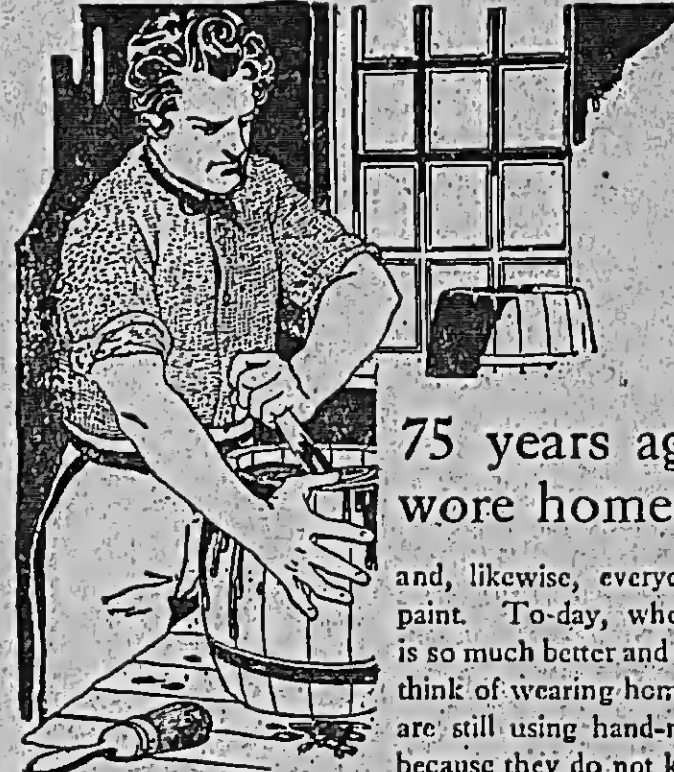
USE GOOD PAINT

When You Clean
Up and Paint Up

Painting is an economy—
the better the Paint, and
its proper application, and
the more promptly it is
used on places needing
Paint, the greater the
economy.

The annual loss through
the lack of Painting is
greater than the annual
loss by fire.

Our Paint Department is completely equipped with
the best Paints, Oils, Var-
nishes, Enamels, Stains, Brushes, etc. Lay plans now
for the big Clean Up and Paint Up job.

B. P. S. PAINT--PAINTS--AT
HILLEBRAND'S STORE75 years ago everyone
wore homespun—

and, likewise, everyone used hand-mixed
paint. To-day, when machine-spun cloth
is so much better and cheaper, no one would
think of wearing homespun. Many people
are still using hand-mixed paint, however,
because they do not know that

DEVOE Lead and Zinc Paint

The Guaranteed
Fewer Gallons—Wears Longer

will save them money and labor.
Lead and Zinc Paint is made of
the same ingredients the old-time painter used.
Pure White Lead, Pure White Zinc, and
Pure Linseed Oil. The only difference
is that Devoe is mixed by machinery, 100
gallons at a time. Therefore, it is always
absolutely uniform in strength, color,
and covering capacity.

We guarantee Devoe Lead and Zinc
to be pure. We know it contains no
lead, silica or other worthless material.
Stop in and ask for Color Card and
free booklet—"Keep Appearances
Expenses Down."

Williams Brothers' Store
ANTIOCH

ANTIOCH MILLING

Are about ready to open
their Flour Mill and wish
to buy wheat
Any farmer who has any
for sale please let us know
at once. Will pay the
highest market price

Custom Grinding of All

Let us show you what
we can do

Corner Main and Railroad Streets

FAIL T

Marshal

AMERIC

Willard C. Lo

War troops on the ports news that Sevi bell for that pris vide at stan This of Ame addi clud are i of th

moel way u hured and in advan breaks ing Su five in poured on boi that et All ights hore i which repell The enomo the Br killed i mins lo G The C heen r prisoer British enemy's "First ang U tes, Mr

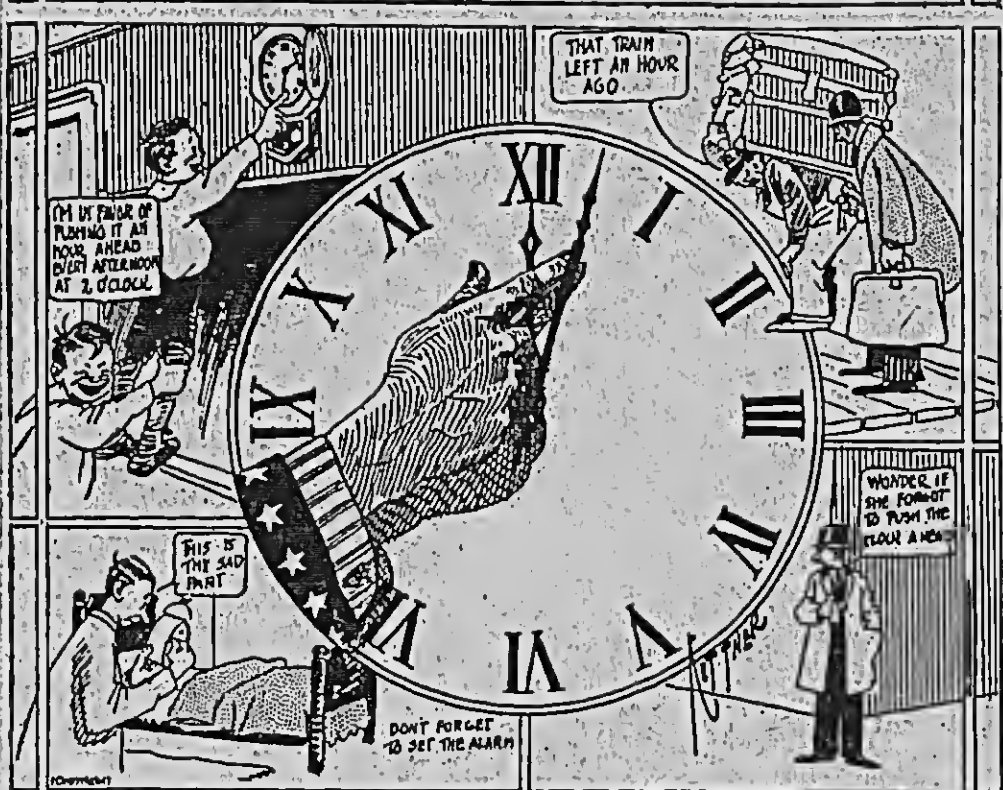
THE ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, EDITOR. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPY 6c.
ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION
TELEPHONE 149-J



"OUR FLAG"

Pushing the Clock Ahead One Hour



Farmers are Helped by Gov. Lowden

Thanks to Governor Lowden, drafted men from the farms, who are needed to make this year's crop, will not be called into army service until the last possible moment.

Governor Lowden took up this matter with the War Department some time ago. His efforts resulted in an order from General Crowder which has been sent to all local exemption boards. In part, the order reads:

The situation arising from the scarcity of farm labor demands that the call to the colors of men actively, completely and assiduously engaged in the planting or cultivation of a crop, but who are in class one and within the new quota, should be deferred until the end of the quota. Please instruct your local boards, therefore that the President directs that, in filling this emergency call, they shall pass the order numbers of such men and defer their call for the present. It must be borne in mind that this step is taken solely in the need of the Nation and not for the benefit of any individual.

All citizens should assist in making this expedient effective and bringing to the attention of the board cases meriting deferment as well as cases in which deferment is being abused.

This deferment does not apply to men in the dairy business or in any other branch of agriculture not connected with the planting and cultivation of a crop or work necessarily incident thereto.

Enlarge Your Coal Bins Now

The United States Fuel Administration is of the opinion that the greatest aid that can be rendered the fuel situation by the domestic coal consumer is to provide necessary storage space for all normal coal requirements. Most houses are equipped with coal bins erected as an afterthought, their capacity bearing little or no relation to the amount of coal consumed in furnace or range. A house requiring thirty tons of coal in the winter will have bin capacity for ten tons or even less. Each householder should buy as early as possible the largest quantity, under his requirements, that can be paid for and stored.

Rearrangements of cellars, the erection of outside bins, if necessary, the expansion of bin space by every possible device, should engage the attention of all consumers who want to aid the government in every way to do away with any possibility of local coal shortage next winter.

If the man who burns thirty tons and buys in ten ton lots can achieve a bin capacity of twenty tons, and get the coal stored this summer, he will contribute in an important way to the solution of coal difficulties.

The old slogan of "Save a Shovelful of Coal" may well be supplemented, in the face of the new and clearly defined regulations, with a new slogan reading: "Build a Bin."

No Double Sensorship

Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts is the author of an amendment to the recently deficiency appropriation bill that will commend itself to every person who has a friend or relative in France. In effect it forbids double censoring of the mail.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS, ANTIOCH, ILL.

ENHANCE THE VALUE OF YOUR PROPERTY



Clean Up and Paint Up—Then Keep It Clean

Paint will not only beautify your buildings, but will provide you with an insurance against decay and the ravages of insects, as well as from damage by the elements.

We Carry THE BEST PAINT

for painting the house, buildings, fences and implements. You Cannot Afford to Let Your Property Run Down just for the lack of paint. Talk it over with us and get an estimate on the cost.

Try Bradley & Vrooman Co. Paint CHASE WEBB SELLS IT

M'ADOO SEEKS HELP FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES

Will Ask States and Municipalities to Permit Rate Increases to Meet War Conditions.

PRESIDENT APPROVES IT

Declares It Is Essential That All Utilities Be Maintained at Maximum Efficiency.

Special to The New York Times. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Following the receipt of communications from several of the big public utility corporations asking that State and local authorities be urged to consider quickly arguments for readjustment of rates which would tend toward maximum efficiency, William G. McAdoo, as Secretary of the Treasury, brought the matter to the attention of President Wilson.

He received today a reply from the President expressing the conviction that the public utilities formed a vital part of the war machinery and authorizing him to take up with the proper officials, when circumstances might make such action advisable, the problems involved.

The representatives of the public utilities had brought before Mr. McAdoo what they believed to be the necessity for a general increase in rates if service was to be extended to meet the increased demands of wartime activities. It is possible that some consideration may be given by the Federal Government to the question of extending credit necessary for expansion, especially if the War Finance Corporation bill is adopted.

Copies of the correspondence between the President and Mr. McAdoo were made public today. The Secretary's letter to the President follows:

Dear Mr. President:—I beg to hand you herewith several memoranda and letters relating to street railway and other local public utilities furnishing heat, light, and power, which have been asked to bring to your attention by a committee representing the public utility industry. These papers indicate the existence of genuine apprehension regarding the adequacy of present conditions of the services and rates of local public utilities. The view is expressed that increased wages and the high cost of essential materials and supplies have affected them so seriously that they are unable to maintain their services in the face of the increased cost of production. It is urged that the public utility industry be given the same consideration and protection as the other war industries and that the Government take prompt action to meet the public utility industry's needs upon which the service depends.

As Secretary of the Treasury, I must take official notice of these matters. It is obvious that every part of our industrial and economic life should be maintained at its maximum strength in order that each may contribute in the fullest measure to the vigorous prosecution of the war. Our public utilities must not be permitted to become weakened. Transportation of workers to and from our vital industries and the health and comfort of our citizens in their homes are dependent upon them, and the necessary power to drive many of our war industries and many other industries essential to the war is produced by them. It may be that here and there, because of the prominence given to less important interests immediately at hand, State and local authorities do not always appreciate the close connection between the soundness and efficiency of the local utilities and the national strength and vigor, and do not resort with sufficient promptness to the necessary remedial measures. In such cases, I am confident that all such State and local authorities will respond promptly to the national need when the matter is fairly and properly brought before them.

Our public service utilities are closely connected with and are an essential part of our national life and successful prosecution of the war, and the untoward tendencies which the accompanying papers reveal may most effectively be checked, wherever they may be found to exist, and the needed relief obtained only by prompt action on the part of the respective local authorities. I earnestly hope that you may feel justified in expressing the conviction that the vital part which the public utility companies represent in the life and war-making energy of the nation should be received full and due recognition by State and local authorities. Cordially yours, W. G. McADOO. President, The White House. Mr. McAdoo's Reply.

My Dear Mr. Secretary:—I have examined with care the memoranda and letters which you transmitted to me with your letter of the fifteenth. I fully share the views you express regarding the importance of the public service utilities as a part of our national equipment, especially in wartime. It is essential that these utilities should be maintained at their maximum efficiency and that everything reasonably possible should be done with that end in view. I hope that State and local authorities, where they have not already done so, will, when the facts are properly laid before them, respond promptly to the necessities of the situation. I shall be glad to have you communicate with the local authorities wherever the information in your memorandum suggests that such a course is desirable and in the national interests. Cordially yours, (Signed) WOODROW WILSON, Hon. William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury.

SPECIALASSESSMENT NOTICE

To Receive Proposals or Bids for the Construction of Sewer Purification Plant

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Antioch, will receive proposals or bids until the hour of opening the same as hereinafter set forth for the construction of a section of the proposed improvement specified in a certain ordinance passed and approved by the President and Board of Trustees of said Village of Antioch, on the 23rd day of November A. D. 1916, providing for a connected system of main and branch sanitary sewers with necessary manholes, sewer stubs, house connection branches, sewer junctions, sewage purification plant and open outfall sewer or drain and all appurtenances. Said section being Section Two (2) of said improvement, consisting of the following:

Sewer purification plant, including reinforced concrete septic tanks, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and appurtenances, complete.

1 concrete bulkhead, complete, 1 concrete spillway, complete.

The plans and specifications are now on file at the office of Harry L. Emerson, Village Engineer, No. 1118 Chamber of Commerce Building, southeast corner of Washington and LaSalle streets, Chicago; at the office of E. M. Runyard, Village Attorney, 305 Washington street, Waukegan, Illinois, at the office of Harry A. Isaacs, Secretary of the Board of Local Improvements, Harden street, Antioch, Ill.

Said bids or proposals shall be delivered to Harry A. Isaacs, Secretary of the Board of Local Improvements, and will not be considered unless accompanied by check certified by some reliable bank, payable to the order of William J. Christian, President of said Board of Local Improvements, in his official capacity, for not less than ten (10) per centum of the aggregate of said proposal or bid. Said proposals or bids shall be for the construction of said Section two (2) in accordance with the ordinance providing therefor, which ordinance is on file in the office of the Village Clerk.

Payment for said improvement shall be made in bonds and shall draw interest at the rate of five (5%) per centum per annum. Said proposals or bids shall be opened, examined and publicly declared by the Board of Local Improvements at a meeting thereof to be held in the Council Chamber of the Village Hall in said Village of Antioch, Illinois, at the hour of 7 o'clock p. m., on the 1st day of April A. D. 1918.

Dated this 20th day of March A. D. 1918.
William J. Christian,
Elmer Brook,
Frank R. King,
Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Antioch, Ill.

New Way to Clean the Home

Clean Up, Paint Up and Paper the Rooms

It is like living in a new home to have the walls freshly papered or painted after a long, hard winter. Now is the time to do the work, while the Clean Up, Paint Up campaign is in full swing.

WE HAVE THE Latest Wall Paper

Everything for the decoration of the found in our large and attractive stock.

KING'S DRUG STORE ANTIOCH

MEN'S

Specimen Ballot

Town of Antioch Election Tuesday, April 2, 1918

E. J. Richards
Town Clerk.

☐ People's Party ☐ Independent Party (By Petition)

For Town Clerk

☐ CHAS. F. RICHARDS

For Assessor

☐ W. T. TAYLOR

For Commissioner of Highways

☐ FRANK DUNN

For Commissioner of Highways

☐ BARNEY TRIEGER

For Constable (vote for two)

☐ L. H. FELTER

☐ H. H. CRANDALL

WOMEN'S

Specimen Ballot

Town of Antioch Election Tuesday, April 2, 1918

C. F. RICHARDS
Town Clerk

☐ People's Party ☐ Independent Party (By Petition)

For Town Clerk

☐ CHAS. F. RICHARDS

For Assessor

☐ W. T. TAYLOR

For Commissioner of Highways

☐ FRANK DUNN

For Commissioner of Highways

☐ BARNEY TRIEGER

Special Gravel Tax

☐ FOR a special gravel tax of 30 cents on each one hundred dollars valuation of all assessable property of said town for the term of three years, the same to be applied on the Pikeville-Millburn road, to the south line of Section 24.

☐ AGAINST a special gravel tax of 30 cents on each one hundred dollars valuation of all assessable property of said town for the term of three years, the same to be applied on the Pikeville-Millburn road, to the south line of Section 24.

Personal Happenings

Monday, April 1.
Ant Monday in Chi-
Chicago on bus-
all colors—King's
Chicago passenger
a Chicago visitor

Barthel are visit-
cago.
and Ralph Kinrade
cago.

Camp Grant spent
here.
and son Charles
ston.

Allis spent over
er here.
Waukegan was call-
ing on friends
Saturday.

Miss Clara B. of Waukegan spent
over Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. Andrew Harrison spent several
days last week at friends in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Harrison and
daughter were in Lake calls Sun-
day.

Mr. and Mrs. Exsmith and son of
Chicago spent Sunday at the Geo.
Wedge home.

Misses Carrie Cropley and Virginia
Radka of Kenosha spent over Sunday
with relatives here.

Misses Shirlee and Marion Schroeder
of Chicago visited over Sunday at the
Wm. Dupre home in this place.

It will pay you bigger than ever to
treat your seed with Formaldehyde
this year. We have it. King's Drug
Store.

"A Crazy Idea" is the name of the
play which is being rehearsed by the
High School Junior and will be given
May 3.

J. D. Traynor has been awarded the
contract for decorating the interior of
the M. E. church and is already at
work on the job.

The Antioch Commercial Association
band will give an Easter dance on Mon-
day evening, April 1, at the Antioch
opera house. Morrill orchestra will
furnish the music.

Wanted—Men for factory work, oper-
ating machines and doing light assembly
work. High wages paid. No labor
trouble. Call or write once. The
Frank D. Cook Co., Zion City, Ill.

Work will be re-commenced on the
over next Monday. The gang is in
this week getting everything in
readiness to take up the work where
they were obliged to leave off last fall.

The machinery is being installed at
the mill this week, under the direction
of an expert from Chicago. The work
is being pushed to a hasty completion
and the place will be ready for business
in a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Williams returned
to their home on Monday, after having
passed a most delightful winter in Flor-
ida. They were accompanied by their
little grand-daughter, who has been
attending school, while staying with
them, also their daughter, Mrs. C. K.
Anderson, of Chicago, who has been
visiting them the past six weeks.
They left the Antioch friends at Lees-
burg all well.

Notice
On account of the boys of Antioch
and vicinity, who have been in the
habit of making my woods a play
ground on Saturdays, having abused
the privilege to the extent of damaging
the trees, and setting fires which have
destroyed several dollars worth of
poats. I am compelled to deny them the
use of the grounds and hereafter any-
one caught there will be deemed a tres-
passer and will be dealt with accord-
ingly.
Jake VanPatten.

For Sale
12 tons No. 1 timothy hay in barn.
7 tons slough hay in barn.
300 bushels clean oats.
Seed corn. Price very reasonable.
Albert E. Jack.

Notice
During the month of March we will
sell any implement now in stock, such as
sowers, disk harrows, drags, manure
spreaders, plows, mowers, cultivators,
etc., at prices that you cannot afford to
miss, for prices are advancing right
along. Buy early to fill your require-
ments for the coming season. If you
are in need of a heating stove before
another winter, buy now for they will
raise more next fall and are likely to be
hard to get at any price, owing to pres-
ent conditions. Come in and get our
prices and terms. Yours very truly
E. L. Wald & Co., Lake Villa, Ill. 27w4

Easter egg dyes at King's Drug store.
Leo Savage has returned home from
his western trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gray spent Tues-
day in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Soule were Wauke-
gan visitors Tuesday.

Dr. Warriner and Jos. McVey were in
Waukegan Tuesday.

Fred Shottliff of Bristol was calling
on friends here Saturday.

Mr. Vac Babor entertained a few
Chicago relatives over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Keulman and Mrs. Arthur
Bock were Chicago visitors Monday.

Percy and Walter Chinn of Kenosha
spent over Sunday with their families
here.

Jos. Dupre spent the latter part of
last week and the fore part of this in
Aurora.

The Delta Alpha class are planning
an "April Fool" social for Monday
evening, April 1.

The basket ball teams will play their
last game of this season tomorrow eve-
ning at Wauconda.

Mrs. I. J. Chinn left Tuesday for a
visit with her daughter, Mrs. Martin
Waber at Libertyville.

The Waukegan Rug Co. will send
their representative to take orders
on old carpets on Tuesday, April 2.

Miss Margaret McGraw has returned
to her home at Lake Beulah, Wis.,
after a visit at the Traynor home.

C. W. Martin of Chicago has pur-
chased of J. E. Brook, thirty acres
of land bordering on Cross Lake. He
also purchased a four acre strip on the
same lake from Wm. Hillebrand.

The members of the Holy Cross Guild
will give an Easter egg hunt Monday
evening, April 1, at seven o'clock, at
the residence of Mrs. J. J. Morley.
Children bring lights to hunt with.
Out door games will be played. Ad-
mission 5 and 10 cents.

The Epworth League will hold a sun-
rise prayer meeting at the church at
6:00 a. m. Sunday. Easter sermon at
10:00 a. m. Children's exercises at 7:30
p. m. At every service an opportunity
will be given to those who wish to unite
with the church. Children may be pre-
sented for baptism at the Sunday School
hour, 11:00 a. m. or at any other ser-
vices of the day if more convenient for
the parents.

300 Acre Farm for Sale Cheap
To close an estate we will receive of-
fer for the purchase of a 311-acre farm
between Millburn and Wadsworth, Lake
County, Illinois, containing both pas-
ture land and tillable land. Most of
the tillable land is tilled and drained. A
creek, fed by springs, running through
the pasture land makes it especially
desirable for stock or dairy purposes.
The buildings include a ten-room
house with running hot and cold water
and other modern improvements; two
cows barns, one of which will stable 60
head; two forty foot cement silos; a
large hog house with loft above; two
large double corn houses with enclosed
driveway; tool and machinery house;
one large barn for stock; several small
buildings and sheds. These structures
alone could not be replaced today short
of \$20,000. Sale will be subject to
\$16,000 mortgage bearing 5% interest.
We shall be glad to send you a more
complete description of the property if
you are interested.

TRUST DEPARTMENT
Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Organized as N. W. Harris & Co., 1892
Incorporated 1907
CHICAGO

Build on a Big Roomy Porch
And you'll have a big
out-door living room that
will give you more sum-
mer pleasure than all the
rest of the house combined.
And it won't cost much
either. We've every kind of
porch—simple and elaborate—
as well as all other details you'll
need. Think this over seriously.

Antioch Lumber and Coal Co.

A Cigar of Merit
"EL RECTOR"
CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

Factory 2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL. C. NIEMAN, Maker
Phone Canal 4478
OFFICE, 1204 S. LEAVITT ST.

Wanted—Girls for light factory work,
making electric apparatus, agreeable
conditions, high wages paid. No labor
trouble. Call or write at once. Frank
D. Cook Co. Zion City, Ill.

On account of the repair work going
on at the M. E. church at this time,
the next regular meeting of the Ladies
Aid which would come on April 3, has
been postponed. Dates announced later.

Town election comes off next Tuesday
and it promises to be even a little more
exciting than the primary. The only
contest is for the office of highway com-
missioner, and the friends of each can-
didate are making most of every op-
portunity to boost for the man of their
choice. Don't neglect to come out and
vote.

The Delta Alpha class will hold an
"April Fool" social in the church bas-
ement Monday evening, and a good time
is being planned for all who attend.
Lunch will be served. Admission 15c.
A grab bag will also be in evidence and
will contain many a "pleasant surprise".
Everyone invited.

Mr. and Mrs. J. White received a
letter Wednesday morning from their
eldest son Clarence telling them of his
safe arrival in France. He enlisted in
Kenosha last fall and in October was
sent to Texas, and was among those
listed to sail on the ill-fated Tuscania
in February but an illness which ne-
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his going at that time. About the mid-
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to leave at almost any time, and
that was the last heard from him until
this week when his most welcome let-
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Under plans announced by Arch-
bishop Mundelein, young men of the
Catholic college who are studying for
the priesthood will till 600 acres of
farm land connected with St. Mary's
Training school at Des Plaines, and 100
acres near Area.

Methodist Episcopal Church
S. E. Pollock, pastor.
10:00 a. m.—Public worship.
11:15 a. m.—Sunday School.
6:30 p. m.—Epworth League.
7:30 p. m.—Evening service of wor-
ship.
4:00 p. m. Wednesday—Junior League

St. Ignatius' Episcopal Church
A. D. KOLKEBECK, Lay Reader
Church School at 9:45 a. m.
Morning Prayer at 11:00 a. m.

Hickory M. E. Church
E. D. Wahl, Pastor.
1:45 p. m.—Sunday School.
2:30 p. m.—Preaching Service.

Evangelical Lutheran St. Paul's Church
S. A. JEDELE, PASTOR
Lutheran services at 2:30 p. m. every
second and last Sunday of each month.
Second Sunday German services. Last
English.

Christian Science
Christian Science services held at
the Majestic theater, every Sunday, at
10:45 a. m.

WANTED—To buy a large American
flag. Inquire at this office.
FOR SALE—Single buggy and har-
ness, good as new. Dr. Turner.
FOR SALE—A power feed grinder,
nearly new. Inquire of John Dupre. 29tf
WANTED—A man to work by the
month. Walter Selter. Phone 120J.
FOR SALE OR RENT—A forty acre
farm, good buildings. Inquire of J. W.
VanDuzer, Antioch. 2w
FOR SALE—Rosan Sanatory indoors
tallet, good as new, used 3 months.
Inquire of Mrs. R. Guthrie, Lake Marie.
FOR SALE—Choice Early Ohio pota-
toes. Inquire of D. Nelson, Antioch.
29w4
FOR SALE—Second-hand delivery or
milk wagon. Inquire of Chase Webb.
WANTED—A farm of 40 to 60 acres
with good buildings. Inquire at this
office.
MONEY TO LOAN—A sum of money
to loan on good security. Inquire at
this office.
FOR SALE—Early Ohio seed pota-
toes. Inquire of Robert Selter. Phone
107W. 29w4
FOR SALE—S. C. Black Minorca
eggs for setting. \$1.50 per 15. Wm.
Dupre.
FOR SALE—Timothy hay in barn,
or will trade for corn or barley. Wal-
ter Selter.
FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, S.
C. White Orpingtons. \$1.00 setting.
Oliver Cobbans. 29tf
WANTED—A reliable and competent
farm hand. Best wages paid. Address
"J. B." care of this office.
FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, R.
C. Rhode Island Reds. 75 cents per
setting of 15 eggs. Inquire of Mrs. C.
E. Kelly. 29w4
FOR SALE—8 acres, house and barn,
fruit trees and small fruit, just outside
village limits. Several houses for sale
and rent in Village. J. C. James. 29tf
FOR SALE—One Chester White brood
sow also pure bred Silver Laced Wyen-
dotte cockrels. Donald A. McKey,
Trevor, Wis.
FOR SALE—One 36 horse power Case
steam tractor, 3 years old; two incu-
bators, Successful 241-egg and Buffalo
900 egg. Inquire of Louis Ruchewski,
Lake Villa. 2w
FOR RENT—Carpenter tools of all
kinds, combined circle saw attachments
foot power. Foot power mortising
machine; foot power acroll saw; iron
and wood clamps, all sizes, work bench.
Inquire of Mrs. R. Guthrie, Lake Marie

USE GOOD PAINT
When You Clean
Up and Paint Up
Painting is an economy—
the better the Paint, and
its proper application, and
the more promptly it is
used on places needing
Paint, the greater the
economy.
The annual loss through
the lack of Painting is
greater than the annual
loss by fire.

Our Paint Department is completely equipped with
the best Paints, Oils, Var-
nishes, Enamels, Stains, Brushes, etc. Lay plans now
for the big Clean Up and Paint Up job.

B. P. S. PAINT--PAINTS--AT
HILLEBRAND'S STORE

75 years ago everyone
wore homespun—
and, likewise, everyone used hand-mixed
paint. To-day, when machine-spun cloth
is so much better and cheaper, no one would
think of wearing homespun. Many people
are still using hand-mixed paint, however,
because they do not know that

DEVOE The Guaranteed
Lead and Zinc Paint
Fewer Gallons—Wears Longer
will save them money and labor.
Lead and Zinc Paint is made of
the same ingredients the old-time painter used.
Pure White Lead, Pure White Zinc, and
Pure Linseed Oil. The only difference is
that Devoe is mixed by machinery, 100
gallons at a time. Therefore, it is always
absolutely uniform in strength, color and
covering capacity.
We guarantee Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint
to be pure. We know it contains no whiting,
silica or other worthless materials.
Stop in and ask for Color Card and value
free booklet—"Keep Appearances Up."
Expenses Down.

Williams Brothers' Store
ANTIOCH

ANTIOCH MILLING
Are about ready to open
their Flour Mill and want
to buy wheat.
Any farmer who has a
for sale please let us know
at once. Will pay the
highest market price

Custom Grinding of All
Let us show you what
we can do
Corner Main and Railroad Streets

Long Live the King

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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COUNTESS LOSCHEK PLOTS TO FRUSTRATE THE MARRIAGE OF KARL AND HEDWIG

Synopsis.—The crown prince of Livonia, Ferdinand William Otto, ten years old, taken to the opera by his aunt, tries of the singing and slips away to the park, where he makes the acquaintance of Bobby Thorpe, a little American boy. Returning to the palace at night, he finds everything in an uproar as a result of the search which has been made for him. The same night the chancellor calls to consult the boy's grandfather, the old king, who is very ill. The chancellor suggests that to preserve the kingdom, which is threatened by plots of the terrorists to form a republic, the friendship of the neighboring kingdom of Kurnia be secured by giving the Princess Hedwig in marriage to King Karl of that country.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

The chancellor strode around the screen, scratching two tables with his sword as he advanced, and kissed the hand of the Princess Annunciatina. They were old enemies and therefore always very polite to each other. The archduchess offered him a cup of tea, which he took although she always made very bad tea. And for a few moments they discussed things. Thus: the king's condition; the replanting of the place with trees; and the date of



They Were Old Enemies.

bringing out the Princess Hedwig, who was still in the school room.

But the archduchess suddenly came to business. She was an abrupt person. "And now, general," she said, "what is it?"

"I am in trouble, highness," replied the chancellor simply.

"We are most of us in that condition at all times. I suppose you mean this absurd affair of yesterday. Why such a turmoil about it? The boy ran away. When he was ready he returned. He is here now, and safe."

"I am afraid he is not as safe as you think, madame."

"Why?"

He sat forward on the edge of his chair, and told her of the students at the university, who were being fired by some powerful voice; of the disappearance of the two spies; of the evidence that the Committee of Ten was meeting again, and the failure to discover their meeting place; of the affection among the people, according to the reports of his agents. And then to the real purpose of his visit. Karl of Kurnia had, unofficially, proposed for the Princess Hedwig. He had himself broached the matter to the king, who had at least taken it under advisement. The archduchess listened, rather pale.

"Madame, after centuries of independence we now face a crisis which we cannot meet alone. Believe me, I know of what I speak. United, we could stand against the world. But a divided kingdom, a disloyal and discontented people, spells the end."

And at last he convinced her. But, because she was built of a contrary mold, she voiced an objection, not to the scheme, but to Karl himself. "I dislike him. He is arrogant and stupid."

"But powerful, madame. And—what else is there to do?"

There was nothing else, and she knew it. But she refused to broach the matter to Hedwig.

And it ended with the chancellor, looking most ferocious but lawfully uneasy, undertaking to put, as one may say, a lien into the Princess Hedwig's small ear.

As he strode out, the door into the next room closed quietly.

CHAPTER IV.

The Letter.

The Countess Loschek was alone. Alone and storming. She had sent her

maid away with a sharp word, and now she was pacing the floor.

Hedwig, of all people!

She hated her. She had always hated her. For her youth, first; later, when she saw how things were going for the accident that had made her a granddaughter to the king.

And Karl!

Even this last June, when Karl had made his look-for-visit to the summer palace, where the court had been in residence, he had already had the thing in mind. Even when his arms had been about her, Olga Loschek, he had been looking over her shoulder, as it were, at Hedwig. He had had it all in his wicked head, even then. For Karl was wicked. She loathed him while she loved him.

Hedwig would marry Karl. She might be troublesome, would indeed almost certainly be troublesome. Strangely enough, the countess hated her the more for that. To value so lightly the thing for which Olga Loschek would have given her soul, this in itself was hateful. But there was more. The countess saw much with her curiously wide, almost childishly bland eyes; it was only now that it occurred to her to turn what she knew of Hedwig and Nikky to account.

She stopped pacing the floor, and sat down. Suppose Hedwig and Nikky Larisch went away together? Hedwig, she felt, would have the courage even for that. That would stop things. But Hedwig did not trust her. And there was about Nikky a dog-like quality of devotion, which warned her that, the deeper his love for Hedwig, the more unlikely he would be to bring her to disgrace. Nikky might be difficult.

She must try for Hedwig's confidence! But Karl! How to reach him? Not with reproaches, not with anger. She knew her man well. To hold him off was the first thing. To postpone the formal proposal, and mean time, if the chancellor had been right, and things were as bad as they appeared, the king's death would precipitate a crisis. Might, indeed, overturn the throne.

The king was very feeble. This affair of yesterday had told on him. The gossip of the court was that the day had seen a change for the worse. His heart was centered on the crown prince.

Ah, here was another viewpoint. Suppose the crown prince had not come back? What would happen, with the king dead, and no king? Chnos, of course. A free hand to revolution. Hedwig fighting for her throne, and inevitably losing it.

But that was further than she cared to go just then. She would finish certain work that she had set out to do, and then she was through. No longer would dread and terror grip her in the night hours.

But she would finish. Karl should never say she had failed him. She had in her possession papers for which he waited or pretended to wait; data secured by means she did not care to remember; plans and figures carefully compiled—a thousand deaths in one, if they were found on her. She would get them out of her hands, at once.

It was still but little after five. She brought her papers together on her small mahogany desk, from such hiding places as women know—the linings of perfumed sachets, the toes of small slippers, the secret pocket in a muff; and having locked her doors, put them in order. Her hands were trembling, but she worked skillfully. She was free until the dinner hour, but she had a great deal to do. The papers in order, she went to a panel in the wall of her dressing room, and, sliding it aside, revealed the safe in which her jewels were kept. Not that her jewels were very valuable, but the safe was there, and she used it.

The countess took out a jewel-case, emptied it, lifted its chimneys cushions, and took out a small book. It was an indifferent hiding place, but long immutably had made her careless. Referring to the book, she wrote a letter in code. It was, to all appearances, a friendly letter referring to a family in her native town, and asking that the recipient see that assistance be sent them before Thursday of the following week. The assistance was specified with much detail—at her expense to send so many blankets, so many loaves of bread, a long list. Having finished, she destroyed, by burning, a number of papers, watching until the last ash had turned from

dull red to smoking gray. The code book she hesitated over, but at last, with a shrug of her shoulders, she returned it to its hiding place in the jewel-case.

Coupled with her bitterness was a sense of relief. Only when the papers were destroyed had she realized the weight they had been. She summoned Minna, her maid, and dressed for the street. Then, Minna accompanying her, she summoned her carriage and went shopping.

She reached the palace again in time to dress for dinner. Somewhere on that excursion she had left the letter, to be sent to its destination over the border by special messenger that night.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto, at the moment of her return, was preparing for bed. He washed himself, with Oskar standing by, holding a great soft towel. Even the towels were too large. And he brushed his teeth, and had two drinks of water, because a stiff feeling in his throat persisted. And at last he crawled up into the high bed that was so much too big for him, and had to crawl out again, because he had forgotten his prayers.

When everything was done, and the hour of putting out the light could no longer be delayed, he said good night to Oskar, who bowed. There was a great deal of howling in Otto's world. Then, whist! It was dark, with only the moon face of the cathedral clock for company. And as it was now twenty minutes past seven, the two hands dropped until it looked like a face with a cruel mouth, and was really very poor company.

Oskar, having bowed himself, into the corridor and past the two sentries, reported to a very great dignitary across the hall that his royal highness the Crown Prince Ferdinand William Otto was in bed. And the dignitary had a chance to go away and get his dinner.

But alone in his great bed, the crown prince was shedding a few shamed tears. He was extremely ashamed of them. He felt that under no circumstances would his soldier father have behaved so. He reached out and secured one of the two clean folded handkerchiefs that were always placed on the bedside stand at night, and blew his nose very loudly. But he could not sleep.

He gave Miss Brathwaite time to go to her sitting room, and for eight o'clock to pass, because once every hour, at eight, a young gentleman of the court, appointed for this purpose and dubbed a "wet nurse" by jealous comrades, cautiously opened his door and made a stealthy circuit of the room, to see that all was well.

The crown prince got up. He neglected to put on his bedroom slippers, of course, and in his bare feet he padded across the room to the study door. It was not entirely dark. A night light burned there. It stood on a table directly under the two crossed swords. Beneath the swords, in a burnt wood frame, were the pictures of his father and mother. Hedwig had given him a wood-burning outfit at Christmas, and he had done the work himself. It consisted of the royal arms, somewhat out of drawing and not exactly in the center of the frame, and a floral border of daisies, extremely geometrical, because he had drawn them in first with a compass.

The boy, however, gave the pictures only a hasty glance and proceeded, in a businesslike manner, to carry a straight chair to the cabinet. On the top shelf sat the old cloth dog. Its shoe-button eyes looked glazed with sleep, but its ears were quite alert. Very cautiously the crown prince unlocked the door, stepped precariously to the lower shelf of the cabinet, hung there by one royal hand, and lifted the dog down.

At once o'clock the wet nurse took off his sword in another room and leaned it against a chair. Then he examined his revolver, in accordance with a formula prescribed by the old king. Then he went in and examined the room with a flashlight, and listened to the crown prince's breathing. He had been a croupy baby. And, at last, he turned the flashlight on to the bed. A pair of shoe-button eyes stared at him from the pillow.

"Well, I'm —" said the wet nurse. And went out, looking thoughtful.

In a shop where, that afternoon, the countess had purchased some Lyons silks, one of the clerks, Peter Niburg, was free at last. At seven o'clock, having put away the last rolls of silk on the shelves behind him, and covered them with calico to keep off the dust; having given a final glimpse of disdain at the clerk in the linen, across; having reached under the counter for his stiff black hat of good quality and his silver-tipped cane; having donned the hat and hung the stick to his arm with two swaggering gestures; having prepared his offensive, so to speak, he advanced.

Between Peter Niburg and Herman Spler of the linens, was a foud. Its source, in the person of a pretty cashier, had gone, but the foud remained. It was of the sort that smiles

with the lips and scowls with the eyes, that speaks pleasantly quite awful things, although it was Peter Niburg who did most of the talking.

And Herman hated Peter. The cashier was gone, had married a restaurant keeper, and already she waxed fat. But Herman's hatred grew with the days. And business being bad, much of the time he stood behind his linens and thought about a certain matter, which was this:

How did Peter Niburg do it?

They were paid the same scant wage. Each Monday they stood together, Peter smiling and he frowning, and received into open palms exactly enough to live on, without extras. And each Monday Peter pocketed his cheerfully, and went back to his post, twirling his mustache as though all the money of the realm jingled in his trousers.

To accept the inevitable, to smile over one's poverty, that is one thing. But there was more to it. Peter made his money go amazingly far. It was Peter, for instance, who the summer before, the American Scenic Railway had opened to the public, with much crossing of flags, the national emblem and the stars and stripes. It was Peter who had invited the lady to an evening of thrills on that same railway at a definite sum per thrill.

It was Peter, then, who made the impossible possible, who wore good clothes and did not have his boots patched, who went rummer and, to the opera now and then, and followed the score on his own battered copy.

How?

Herman Spler had suspected him of many things; had secretly audited his cash slips; had watched him for surreptitious parcels of silk. Once he had thought he had him. But the package of Lyons silk, opened by the proprietor at Herman's suggestion, proved to be material for a fancy waistcoat, and paid for by Peter Niburg's own hand.

With what? Herman stood confused, even confounded, but still suspicious. And now, this very day, he had stumbled on something. A great lady from the court had made a purchase, and had left, under a roll of silk, a letter. There was no mistake. And Peter Niburg had put away the silk and pocketed the letter, after a swift glance over the little shop.

An intrigue, then, with Peter Niburg as the go-between, or—something else. Something vastly more important, the discovery of which would bring Herman prominence beyond his fellows in a certain secret order to which he belonged.

In a way, he was a stupid man, this pale-eyed clerk who sold the quiet red and yellow cottons of the common people side by side with the heavy linens that furnished forth the tubies of the rich. But hatred gave him wit. Gave him speed, too. He was only thirty feet behind Peter Niburg when that foppish gentleman reached the corner.

Herman was skilled in certain matters. He knew, for instance, that a glance into a shop window, a halt to tie a shoe, may be a ruse for passing a paper to other hands. But Peter did not stop. He went, not more swiftly than usual, to his customary



He Lurked in the Shadows Outside and Watched.

restaurant, one which faced over the square and commanded a view of the palace. And there he settled himself in a window and ordered his dinner.

From the outside Herman stared in. He lurked in the shadows outside, and watched.

Peter sat alone, and stared out. Herman took shelter, and watched. But Peter Niburg did not see him. His eyes were fixed on the gloomy

mass across, shot with from deep windows, palace.

Peter was calm. He had carried many such letters as the one now hidden in his breast pocket. No conscience suffered in him. If he did not do this work, others would.

He had until midnight. At that hour a messenger would receive the letter from him in the colonnade of the cathedral. On this night, each week, the messenger waited. Sometimes there was a letter, sometimes none. That was all. It was amazingly simple, and for it one received the difference between penury and comfort.

Seeing Peter settled, a steaming platter before him, Herman turned and hurried through the night. This which he had happened on was a big thing, too big for him alone. Two heads were better than one. He would take advice.

Off the main avenue he fell into a smart trot. The color came to his pale cheeks. A cold sweat broke out over him. He was short of wind from many cigarettes. But at last he reached the house.

Black Humbert was not in his bureau, behind the grating. With easy familiarity Herman turned to a door beyond and entered. A dirty little room, it was littered now with the preparations for a meal. On the bare table were a loaf, a jug of beer, and a dish of fried veal. The conclave was at the stove making gravy in a frying pan—a huge man, bearded and heavy of girth, yet stepping lightly, like a cat. A dark man and called "the black," he yet revealed, on full glance, eyes curiously pale and flat.

No greeting passed between them. Humbert gave his visitor a quick glance. Herman closed the door, and wiped out the band of his hat. The conclave poured the gravy over the meat.

"I have discovered something," Herman said. "As to its value, I know nothing, or its use to us."

"Let me judge that."

"It is a matter of a letter."

"Sit down, man, and tell it. Or do you wish me to draw the information, like had teeth?"

"A letter from the palace," said Herman. And explained.

Black Humbert listened. He was skeptical, but not entirely incredulous. He knew the court—none better. The women of the court wrote many letters. He saw a number of them, through one of his men in the post office. There were many intrigues. After all, who could blame them? The court was dreary enough these days, and if they chose to amuse themselves as best they could—one must make allowances.

"A liaison?" he said at last, with his mouth full. "The countess is handsome, and bored. Annunciatina is hindling her to wickedness, as she drove her husband. But it is worth consideration. Even the knowledge of an intrigue is often helpful. Of what size was the letter?"

"A small envelope. I saw no more."

"So." The big man rose, and nudged his soiled apron. "Go back" he said, "and enter the restaurant. Order a small meal, that you may have finished when he does. Leave with him and suggest this Hungarian."

"Hungarian? I have no money."

"You will need no money. Now mark this: At a certain corner—"

"He will be attacked and robbed. A mercenary," he added, as he saw Herman's pallid face go whiter. "For the real envelope will be substituted another. In his breast pocket, you said. Well, then suggest going to his room. He may," added the conclave grimly, "require your assistance. Leave him at his lodging, but watch the house. It is important to know to whom he delivers these letters."

As the man stood, he seemed to the cowering Herman to swell until he dominated the room. He took on authority. To Herman came suddenly the memory of a hidden room, and many men, and one, huge and towering, who held the others in the hollow of his hand. Back went Herman over his earlier route. But now he did not run. His craven knees shook beneath him. Fresh sweat, not of haste but of fear, broke out over him. He who was brave enough of tongue in the meetings, who was capable of rising to heights of cruelty that amounted to ferocity when one of a mob, was a coward alone.

However, the sight of the restaurant, and of his fellow clerk eating calmly, quieted him. Peter Niburg was still alone. Herman took a table near him, and ordered a bowl of soup. His hands shook, but the hot food revived him. After all, it was simple enough. But, of course, it hinged entirely on his fellow clerk's agreeing to accompany him.

He glanced across. Peter Niburg was eating, but his eyes were fixed on Madame Marie, at her high desk. There was speculation in them, and something else. Triumph, perhaps.

Suddenly Herman became calm. Calm with hate.

And, after all, it was very easy. Peter Niburg was lonely. The burden of the letter oppressed him. He wanted the comfort of human conversation and the reassurance of a familiar face. When the two met at the rack by the door which contained their hats, his expression was almost friendly. They went out together.

"A fine night," said Herman, and cast an eye at the sky.

"Fine enough."

"Too good to waste a sleep. I was thinking," observed Herman, "of an hour or two at the Hungarian."

The Hungarian! Something in Peter's pleasure-hungry heart leaped, but he mocked his fellow clerk.

"Since when," he inquired, "have you frequented the Hungarian?"

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YOU'LL LAUGH

AT IT

THE

RIGHT TO LIVE

CHAPTER

The Right to Live

Dinner was over in the

lag room. The

Annunciatina lighted a

glanced across the

Hedwig had been v

the men. She had

Says Pile Remedy Worth \$100.00 a Box.

Columbus Man Knows What He Is Talking About.

I have had itching piles ever since my earliest recollection. I am 63 years old and have suffered terribly. I have tried many remedies and doctors, but no cure. About 8 weeks ago I saw your ad for Pile Remedy. The first application stopped all itching, and in three days all sprang. I have only used one 25c box and consider I am cured. You have my heartfelt thanks, and may everyone that has this trouble see this and give Pile Remedy a try. It is worth a hundred dollars or more a box, a trial. Sincerely yours, A. N. Smith, Columbus, Ohio.

"It makes me feel proud to be able to produce an ointment like that," says Pile Remedy. "Not only do I guarantee Pile Remedy's Ointment for old sores and wounds, but for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Itching Skin, Pimples, Blackheads and all skin diseases. I put up a big box for 25 cents, a price all can afford to pay, and money back from your druggist if not satisfied." Adv.

Rugs Made From Tissue Paper.
Rugs are now being made entirely from fine tissue paper and mixtures of paper and wool. The tissue paper is twisted into threads and woven into a compact heavy mat or fabric.

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.
Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled to the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere 25c. Try it today. Adv.

If you have no beauty in your soul—the mind—then how can you radiate beauty?

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put out 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels. Adv.

It may be all right to give credit where credit is due, but spot cash is always preferable.

It takes Congress to settle a strike, but a warily stomach is subdued by Garfield Tea. Adv.

Where now are the men who to say: "The women do not enough to vote."

NOW RAISES 600 CHICKENS

After Being Relieved of Organic Trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oregon, Ill.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for an organic trouble which pulled me down until I could not put my foot to the floor and could scarcely do my work, and as I live on a small farm and raise six hundred chickens every year, it made it very hard for me."

"I was the Compound advertised in our paper, and tried it. It has restored my health so I can do all my work and I am so grateful that I am recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. D. M. Atkins, R. R. 4, Oregon, Ill.

Only women who have suffered the tortures of such trouble and have dragged along from day to day can realize the relief which this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, brought to Mrs. Atkins.

Women everywhere in Mrs. Atkins' condition should profit by her recommendation, and if there are any complications write Lydia E. Pinkham's Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

22 Million Families in the United States

4 CUPS OF WHEAT FLOUR TO THE POUND

If each family used 4 cups of flour less per week, the saving would be 22 million pounds or 112,244 barrels every week.

The greatest help housekeepers can give to win the war is to make this saving and it can be done by using this recipe in place of white flour bread.

Corn Meal Biscuits

$\frac{1}{2}$ cup scalded milk $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon salt
1 cup corn meal 1 cup white flour
2 tablespoons shortening 4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Save $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of the measured flour for bread. Pour milk over corn meal, add shortening and salt. When cold, add sifted flour and baking powder. Roll out lightly on floured board. Cut with biscuit cutter and bake in greased pan fifteen to twenty minutes.

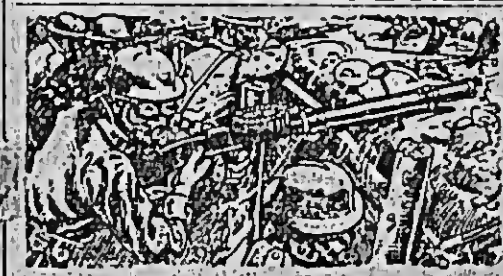
Our new Red, White and Blue Booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address: ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William Street, New York

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

Embarrassing Economy.

Wife (desperately)—"Can't you give the car away?" Husband—"I hate to ask so much of a friend."

He who loves and runs away will have fewer bills to pay.



IN THE SPRING

will be the great test of a life and death struggle on the Western front. In the everyday walks of life, it is the spring time that brings ill health. One of the chief reasons why the run-down man finds himself in a bad state of health in March or April, is because he has spent nearly all his hours for the past four or five months panned up within the walls of house, factory or office. It is the reason for our diminished resistance—that is, lack of out-door life, coupled with perhaps over-eating, lack of good exercise, insufficient sleep, and constipation.

In other words, we keep feeding the fire with food but do not take out the "inkers," and our fire does not burn. Always keep the liver active. There is nothing better for health than taking an occasional mild laxative, perhaps once a week; such a one as you can get at any drug store, made up of May-apple, jalap, aloes, (sugar-coated, first, easily taken), which has stood the test of fifty years of approval—namely, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. But for the "Spring Fever," the general run-down condition, the lack of ambition, the "blues," one should take a course of treatment every spring, such a standard tonic as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, now to be had in tablet form in sixty-cent vials. Watch the people go plodding along the street. There is no spring, no vitality. A vitalizing tonic such as this vegetable extract of Dr. Pierce's "Blues," one should take to force yourself into action. The brain responds to the new blood in circulation, and thus you're ready to make a fight against stagnation which holds you in bondage. Try it now! Don't wait! Today is the day to begin. Gain a little "pop," and laugh and live. Vim and vitality are the natural out-growings of a healthy body. It does not spring up in a night. Try this spring tonic, and you gain the courage that comes with good health.

1916 Seed Corn

Field, grass, garden seeds and pure bred poultry. Free book, "AYE BROS." Box 20, BLAIR, NEBR. Seed Corn Center of the World.

The Way of It.

"There is a man of sterling worth." "A church member?" "No; a slyersmith."

How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that can't be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 50c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Chopping Him Off.

"Ah, Mr. Gloom!" began the suave representative of a large Eastern publishing house, who called on only the few persons in each community who were of sufficient culture to appreciate the valuable works which he was parveying. "I recognize you instantly. A gentleman told me of your remarkable resemblance to Daniel Webster, and—"

"Ah, yes!" interrupted J. Fuller Gloom. "The likeness is truly astounding—neither Dan nor I ever had more than one nose. But, still more amazing, I also greatly resemble the late Captain Kidd, in that I never give ner ask quarter, especially to or from a book agent."—Kansas City Star.

Inquisitive Bobby.

Bobby is of the inquisitive boy age. His father, a physician, took him to his office recently and Bobby asked questions about everything in sight. Finally he got into a room where the doctor keeps some curios, including a skeleton.

"What's this, papa?" asked Bobby.

"The bones of a man."

"Whose bones, yours?"

"Hardly," the father replied.

A flat worm preserved in alcohol in a glass jar next attracted Bobby's attention.

"Oh, papa, here's a noodle. Got any more? Let's take them home for soup."

Pessimism is the fog of life, optimism is the sunshine. Make your life one of continued sunshine.

If you would become a bondholder keep a hen.

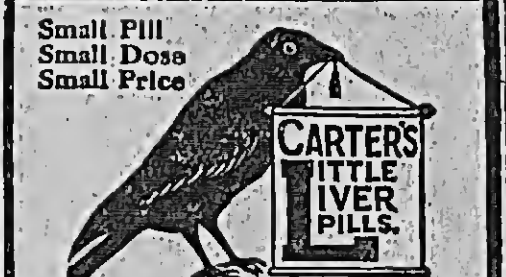
True renown only awaits the truly good!

Term Defined.

"What's your idea of a separate peace?" Inquired Breacho Bob. "Well," replied Plato Plute, "the practical kind of separate peace is the kind that keeps a man perfectly peaceable while he is being separated from his money."

Its Destined Change.

"What's going to become of the Kaiser's divine right after this war?" "It is going to be left."



FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature.

Ben A. Wood

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood.

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition.

PEOPLE WONDER at my success in selling and exchanging furs. That's easy. I have a medicine priced furs, and can deliver. My list will convince you; send only by request. Why not consult C. W. Hart, Warren, Ohio?

BRONCHIAL TROUBLES

Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively by promptly using a dependable remedy.

PISO'S

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 13-1918.

IRE OF SLAUGHTER

BRITONS CEASE KILLING ONLY WHEN WORN OUT.

Serenely Confident That Foe Will Not Break Through the Haig Defenses.

Ottawa, Ont., March 23.—"The enemy is now throwing his last ounce of weight and resource into the struggle," says a dispatch from a correspondent at British headquarters in France to the Ottawa agency of Reuters. "The course of the immediate future hangs the result of the war. A captured airman stated: 'This offensive is the result of desperation. We must have peace quickly now.'"

"Our troops throughout the 23d and 24th were very hard pressed by the endless onrushing legions through whose weary ranks fresh divisions were being continually poured."

"The magnificent defense the slowly retiring British line has made thus far assuredly constitute one of the greatest epochs in history."

"I find at the headquarters today unbroken serenity, confidence and satisfaction with the general change in position during Saturday afternoon. In the region of Hun things temporarily looked ugly when the enemy out-thinked us and his cavalry poured out in order to extend an enveloping movement. But vigorous counterattacks drove the enemy back and restored our position."

"When reading German claims, remember the extent of the battle front, the enemy's unforgettable concentration of guns which is the greatest ever collected—a vast hecatomb marking the wake of his advance."

"The French troops on our right, after the lengthy rest, are at the top of their dashing morale."

"Yesterday there was heroic fighting in the center of the battle-front, where our machine gunners, a number of times had to cease killing through sheer exhaustion."

"Never have the British armies so superbly met such an overwhelming test. Included are the South African contingents and the Newfoundland battalion, both of which have been fighting magnificently."

"The fourth day of the offensive has failed to bring any surprise although the long-range guns are doing their utmost day and night."

BIG AIR RAID IS FOILED

French Jets Drive Back Hun Machine, Not One of Which Reaches Paris.

Paris, March 23.—A group of enemy airplanes crossed the lines at night and a certain number of bombs were dropped in Compiegne and different towns in that region.

Several machines advanced further south, but were forced to turn back by the fire of our artillery. The alarm was immediately given in Paris and a half hour later the "all clear" signal was sounded.

Apparently the Germans had intended to raid Paris itself, but French airplanes rose to meet the newcomers, and not one of the enemy machines succeeded in reaching the capital.

MANLEY DEATH LIST GROWS

Three or Four Members of Destroyer Crew Reported Injured Die of Wounds.

Washington, March 23.—The navy department was informed of three or four deaths among members of the crew of the destroyer Manley, who were reported injured in the explosion of a depth charge when the destroyer collided March 12 with a British warship. An officer and three men were killed in the accident.

KAISER PEACE IS CONTINUED

German Forces That Seized Kherson Are Moving in the Direction of Yekaterin.

Copenhagen, March 23.—German forces that seized the Ukrainian port city of Kherson are moving in the direction of Yekaterin, according to an unconfirmed report received here.

Italy's Minister Takes Command.

Rome, March 23.—General Alfieri has retired as minister of war to take a command in the front. He has been succeeded by General Zupel. King Victor Emmanuel accepted General Alfieri's resignation owing to his insistence that he be permitted to go to the front.

Reindeer Meat Is Coming.

Nome, March 23.—About 500 dressed reindeer were shipped to the food markets of "States" on the first boat leaving after the breakup of the ice on Long sea. All winter in marketing, it has been slaughtering.

Senator Casualty List.

Washington, March 23.—A resolution asking the department to advise the senate as to 18 reasons for not making the addresses of American soldiers killed and wounded abroad, was adopted by the senate.

SEEK PARDON FOR MOONEY

Executive Clemency Now Only Hops of Convicted San Francisco Bomb Thrower.

San Francisco, March 23.—Application for the pardon of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to death in connection with the preparedness day bomb explosion here in July, 1916, will be made to Governor Stephens. The supreme court's affirmation of the sentence becomes effective March 31. Maxwell McNutt, counsel for Mooney, said that after that date there will be no possibility of reopening the case in the courts, and Mooney's fate will rest entirely in the governor's hands.

HINDENBURG DIRECTS DRIVE

Great German General and War Lord Personally in Charge of German Offensive.

Amsterdam, March 23.—Although the army group engaged in the attack against the British between the Scarpe river and Ypres, on the western front, is under command of Prince Rupprecht, it was reported from a German source that the German operations were really being directed by Von Hindenburg and Von Ludendorff in person.

U. S. Men Bag Two Planes.

Washington, March 23.—Two American flyers brought down two German airplanes. Lieutenant Larnier brought down a German opponent in the Champagne region and Corporal Hayes brought down one near Courcillon.

Italy's Minister Takes Command.

Rome, March 23.—General Alfieri has retired as minister of war to take a command in the front. The king accepted General Alfieri's resignation owing to his insistence that he be permitted to go to the front.

Swift & Company's 1918 Year Book

shows that Swift & Company sells the meat from a steer for less money than the live steer cost!

Proceeds from the sale of the hide, fat, and other by-products covered all expense of dressing, refrigeration, freight, selling expense and the profit of \$1.29 per steer as shown by Swift & Company's 1917 figures as follows:

Average price paid for live cattle, per steer	\$84.45
Average price received for meat	68.97
Average price received for by-products	24.09
Total received	93.06
This leaves for expenses and profit	8.61
Of which the profit per steer was	1.29

There are many other interesting and instructive facts and figures in the Year Book.

We want to send our 1918 Year Book, to anyone, anywhere — free for the asking. Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

